MEDICINAL and EXPERIMENTAL
HISTORY AND ANALYSIS
OF THE

HANLYS-SPA

SALINE, PURGING, AND

CHALYBEATE WATERS,

NEAR SHREWSBURY.

WITH NEW

DISCOVERIES

FROM

PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE, and CRITICAL REMARKS, on the Efficacy of these, and the same kind of

MINERAL WATERS.

By DIEDERICK WESSEL LINDEN, M. D.

Τὸ κατὰ τολύ, καὶ ἐξαπίνης, κευθυ, ἢ πληρθυ, ἢ θερμαίνειν, ἢ χύχειν, ἢ άλλως ὁκοσθυ, τὸ σῶμα κινεῖν, σφαλερόν.

Η ΙΡΡΟ. ΑΡΗΟ. 51. SECT. II.

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COUNTY OF SALOP.

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HE falubrious Properties of Medicinal mineral-water Fountains (when judiciously administred) have long been found to be of the greatest service to the human body, in many disorders; particularly, in most chronical ones; their use therefore, and by consequence, their estimation, have proportionally increased.

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veniences for the reception of thole,

Bur,

But, within the compass of the last sisteen years, the most celebrated Medical-fountains, in France and Germany, have been, by many eminent Physicians, re-examined, and several additional virtues discovered in them; an account of which has been generously communicated to the Public, for the benefit of all that stand in need of them.

THE same also has been practised in Great - Britain, which abounds in Health-promoting Waters, of every kind, with the like accuracy, benevolent disposition, and success.

The illustrious Owners of the foreign territories and diffricts, whence the Mineral waters issue, have gained immortal honour, by making proper conveniences for the reception of those, who who come for relief, to those medici-

temporal and eternal Felicity:

As you, good Sir, act upon the same beneficent principle, with the excellent Mineral-waters, whose salubrity is faithfully related in this Treatise, and are your Property,—I look upon it as my indispensible duty, to inscribe to you the register of their Merit; as by your munisicence, this best of Charities is promoted, and made of publick utility.

HERE, Sir, I have a spacious field before me to record the extent of your Philanthropy on every other occasion, but, dare not utter the sentiments of my heart, for sear of offending you. I shall therefore at present take my leave, with sincerely praying, with the many shoulands, who, I trust in God, will

IN DEDICATION.

be benefited by this Bounty of yours, that the Almighty will reward you with temporal and eternal Felicity.

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PREFACE.

prove of much referer officery, or medical T is a very great rarity to find Mineralwater Springs in a naturally pleafant fituation. It being not only so here in England, but all the world over. They are in general, placed by the Almighty Creator, in narrow, deep vallies, furrounded with steep rocks, and bogs; and all that is rural about them, owe their origin to art. It is not so with the Hanlys-Spa, the subject of the following Treatife. Because, whoever visits this Mineral-water Spring, will find, that I have not exaggerated its healthful, and pleasant fituation. And such as will be pleased to repeat the experiments, will be convinced of the falutary contents, and that my Narrative thereof is within the limits of the greatest moderation, and veraenvirondel, that believes nothing of Maria

In the mean time I cannot help confessing, that my hopes of these Waters are very san-A 4 guine,

guine, and that they will be much frequented, when more universally known; so that it will be found necessary to erect Baths; and whenever this event happens, I doubt not, but that bathing advicedly therein, will prove of much greater efficacy, or medical fervice, than the most famed Therma, or natural, Hot-waters of this Kingdom are able to do. Because the salts of these waters are of a very fine texture, and may be prepared to fuit any constitution, in such a manner, that they may be conveyed into the circulatory fluids, by this outward application; and be made warm, either with copper, lead, or iron-flags; or any other matter, that possesses a more volatile sulphur, to act in conjunction with these Sales.

I have nothing farther to observe here, than that I hope I offend no body, with my Reflection on the Medicasters; and from my aversion to a too plentiful use of the Medical Powers. I hope not to be deemed an Insidel, that believes nothing of Hippocrates's Creed; all that I contend for, is, that a proper use thereof may be made, and all abuses avoided. I doubt not, but all confi-

confiderate Readers will agree in this point with me, that a great Reformation is wanted in the Medical Profession. But, this is a talk of too great a consequence, for me to meddle with, because the things of this. World, are fo circumstanced, that great Connexions, Interest, or Power, will at all times fcreen the Defects, and encourage the Ignorance of the most superficial, and worthless Practitioners, in every Science.

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The Situation of the Hanleys-Spa Mineral-Waters, with a Short Subterranean, and Geographical Account of the same, and in what Manner discovered.

HE Saline, Purging, and Chalybeate Mineral-waters of the Spa, at the Hanleys, (the studied in the parish of Meale Brace, and township of Pulley, distant two miles and a half, south-west by west, from Sbrewsbury. Meale Brace was a town of B great

great antiquity, and hid to be called for from Brochwell Fighthre, one of the greatest Princes of Pengwern-Powis, whose palace flood upon that spot of ground where now the church of St. Ched is creded, in Shrewfbury, and his country-feat was at Meole,

THE whole parish is as fertile and pleafant, as any in the county of Salop, and is bounded by Awo turnpike roads, one leading to Ludlow, the other to Longdon, and is intirely within the liberties of the town of Shrewsbury.

The Shuffing of the Hanleys-San Wherel-FROM the Spa there is also another sumpike, branching out to the Lieb bil. celebrated for its fine air and frenation, being a green turf, backed by Mr. Powys's wood, and its circular front facing a great part of the country; from whence may be feen above fourteen parks, a place long teforted to for exercise and arring by the gentry of Shrewfoury. e Brigg and town than

SHREWSBURY is a most fuitable place for the entertainment of fuch as vifit thefe Mine-SHOOL ral-waters:

day from Shrewbury to these Waters, either on borse back, or in wheel eatriages, will guestly convibute to the restoration of health particularly to the cure of such chronical diseases, as have their origin from obstructions.

The town of Shronfbury is of great splender and antiquity, much esteemed for its beautiful situation, healthfulness of air, and the most delightful advantage of the river Severn. A great number of gentlemens samilies constantly reside in this town, who are most politely civil and courteous to strangers. The tradesmen are remarkable for their integrity and honesty in their dealings; and all manner of provisions are most excellent in their kinds.

It may be justly said, as a certain author expresses it " "Shrewsbury is indeed a large, "pleasant, populous and rich town; the "Severn surrounds it, just as the Thames does the Isle of Dogs, so that it makes the form of a horse-shoe; over which there Travels through England.

" are two stone-bridges, upon one of which is built a very noble gate, and over the arch of the gate the statue of the great "Llewellin, the idol of the Welch, and their last national prince. This is really a town of mirth and politeness; something like Bury in Suffolk, and Durbam in the North; but much larger than either of them, or indeed than both together."

THERE are a very great variety of most delightful walks in the fields and meadows sound about Shrewsbury, in a pure, healthful air, embellished with several romantic entertaining prospects. The Quarry (the public walk near the town) is superior to St. James's Park, from the most delightful advantage this place receives from the river Severn.

IT would take me too much out of my way, to record the ancient state of Shrews-bury, and the many religious houses of all kinds once established in this town; the remains of many are yet extant. But I cannot forbear mentioning the Castle, which, though

though built in William the Conqueror's time, by Sir Roger de Montgomery, is yet intire and in good repair. It is now inhabited by a gentleman and his family, who keep it and the gardens in the neatest order: its Mount, which every stranger is permitted to see, is their admiration, as it affords a most delightful and extensive prospect.

THE Free Schools are a beautiful and grand structure, founded by King Edward the Sixth, but greatly improved by the royal bounty of Queen Elizabeth. Many Great Men, particularly the famous Sir Philip Sidney, had their education there. They take in scholars not only from this town and country. but from any other, even the most distant places, and are at prefent in very great repute. Shrewfoury is of late years prodigioufly improved, and daily improving, in good houses and delightful gardens, for the seception and convenience of the neighbouring and distant gontive who are contianally reforting to it. il bas room and harm cheir carr. Awar just mention two on three modern Anustures, which are not only vastly ornamental, but real and universal benefits.

A PAIR hospital in Frankwell, one of the suburbs of this town, credted, and plantifully endowed, for the reception and maintenance of several decayed house-keepers; and the cloathing and teaching a number of poor children, at the expence of Mr. Millington, a native of Shrewfoury.

The Salop Infirmary, supported by voluntary Subscriptions and Benefactions, is a fine edifice, stands on an healthy, airy and pleasant spot, and is sitted up in the most commodious manner, for the ease and advantage of the patients. The Trustees are truly commendable for their regular visits and attention, that the charitable design of the contributors may not be frustrated; as are the Gentlemen of the Faculty, who attend it, for their unanimity to serve, and humanely treat the poor and distrassed persons under their care.

THERE

Turre is also an elegant bospital for Orphan Children, a branch of the London one, lately finished. It is delightfully fieuated on a beautiful eminence, from whence you have a fine view of the river Severa the Quarry (from which only the river divides it) Shrewsbury, and the adjoining effection cannot be doubted, and invitation

fuch places as the neighbourhood of Shrenf-I SHALL close these Anerdates by observing, that the Stone Bridge, over which all travellers, goods, and carriages, to and from London país, being too narrow, decayed, and confequently extremely dangerous; a most Patriotic scheme was proposed by Sir John Aftley, Baronet, one of the representatives for this county, to remedy these great inconveniences; and which he began by a noble subscription of 1000 pounds This was very generoully seconded by many public-spirited Noblemen and Gentlemen. The old Bridge is now taking down, and a new one, much enlarged and improved, will, with all possible expedition, supply its place. con apperionce, con sold by natural regularity access, and form call,

The writers on Mineral-waters in general agree, that, if these natural medicines are used with proper exercise, both in riding and walking, so as to cause a motion throughout the whole body, that then they are not only more efficacious, but also more speedy in the operation. The truth of this affertion cannot be doubted, and therefore, such places as the neighbourhood of Sbrews-bury is, are the most desirable for these medicinal fountains. Valetudinarians are, as it were, enticed by the agreeableness of the most pleasing situation, to a salutary and necessary exercise.

The places, in which Medicinal Mineral-waters are found, have, all the world over, a very great affinity to each other; because a mixture of many Minerals are required for the production of these Waters, a circumstance which never alters, and of which the truth is established, from the many investigations that have been made within the zone or circuit of these kind of springs, by the Curios of all Europe. This experience, confirmed by natural regularity, attests, and is in all, and

and every respect agreeable to the soil in which the Hanleys-Spa springs are. The coal-mines, which are worked at the Hanleys of the same nature with those of Medicinal Springs, give us a perfect insight from whence these Waters receive their virtues.

THE two Medicinal Springs we are treating of, are fituated in a valley between two eminences, both which are stored with a variety of Minerals, the strata are horizontal; and from the petresied vegetables, that are found in a soft stony substance, at several yards depth, evidently prove, that there has been an alteration in these mineral repositionies since the creation.

The coal mines at the Hanleys, and the fearching for fand and lime-stone, lead us to the very Minerals from whence these Medicinal waters receive their virtue. The coals which are obtained here are of a two-fold nature; the one contains more than a common share of sulphur and vitriolic acids, in so much, that it is perceiveable by a suffocating

fufficating finell in the burning; and under these coals is a Mineral Mixture, such as mundic , salt, flate, iron-stone; and burninous earth. The other coal is of a more bituminous kind; and near, or under this coal, is not that variety of Minerals as in the former, but abounds more in iron-stone, and a soft stony substance, with impressions of perioded or proserved vegetables.

THE Minerals that are obtained with the first mentioned coals, are ranged in a confused irregular manner, from which damps or vapours arise, that are able to convey the finest Mineral parts, to impregnate water with medical virtues. This coal work is to the south of our Mineral Springs, and the other coal-work to the north of them.

To the west of these medical fountains is 2 bed of lime-stone, intermixed with falt,

children and

flate,

[•] Some very curious mondyc is found amongst this bed of Minerals, which will hear a polish equal to that of Spain.

these and isometime; and the die east, at about fevers or eight yards depuls, is a bed of fand; the intermediate space from the surface to the coal, and other Minerale, is a blue, and, in some places, a reddish clay, and this clay is not without vitriolic lumps, or clusters of marcaster.

Thus, from indisputable facts it appears, that the Hanleys-Spa Mineral-waters have their natural requisites, and are surrounded with Mineral repositories, for their constant support.

bridge the faline, purging Water, springs up with a more than common motion, or sather with an importuosity, which, in general, it not the case with other, or common water springs. This violent classic power is also incident to the medicinal water fountains in general, both het and cold, all the world over; and, therefore, Dr. Seip very justly observes, that this circumstance has not been properly taken notice of by preceding Mineral-water writers. Dr. Seip supposes, that,

that, as the Mineral-water springs are sound in valleys; and surrounded with hills or mountains, and as these eminences contained large subterranean reservoirs of these kind of Waters, from thence he supposes the current to fall downwards, and, in the fall, to receive so much elasticity, as to spring forth with that sorce we find they do, somewhat like an artificial Water-work.

that the farings live Mineral-waters have THIS hypothesis is ingenious enough, and may in some few particular instances hold good, but, when we draw the picture from the original, it can in general not stand the telt, because the real case seems to be this. Metallic Ores and Minerals, in their native beds, are never found without great plenty of water, and, for the preservation of the whole fystem, these waters are in a constant, and more than common motion, fo that, by the least vent of air in their under-ground paffages, particularly in the faline water-veins. they break forth with very great violence; in so much, that they refift iron mining-instruments, wherewith the vent hole is caufed; to which undoubtedly the Mineral 2777 damps,

damps, that convey the medical contents to the Water, greatly contributed to associated and the contents to the water, greatly contributed to associate the contents to the co

THE fieft differery of the Hanleys-Spais twenty-fix years lago, on lior about 1741, which happened in the following manners Mr. Francis Boothby, a maffer collier who worked the coal mines at the Hanleys in Mr. Powys's lands, endeavoured to discover new beds of coal by boring and by this means, he happened, at fourteen yards depth, to bore into the fubterranean current of this Water, which, as foon as he broke into, the Water immediately, iffued forth with great impetuolity; in formuch, that it lifted up the noggers, or boring instruments; and the Water continued to stream forth in such abundance, that he could not, in this place, fearch any more for coal d their of his view into epest effects with the commonstry!

Francis Boothby to use or try the same, as a natural medicine; what other motive he had for this experiment I could not learn; however, the first patient on whom it has tried, which was about three months after

effor the disposery, was one Mary Grafton, eight years of age aften daughter to a collien that worked under Mr. Francis Bootbby. This Many Geoffen was militard with most wickens storie, all ther body: over, ther belly Smollen to mirrely great degree, and mirr doesed incumble at the time when their Waters more divided for her relief. She sid drink thefe Waters, and also bathed in them for which purpage, they were made warms by which means, the discharged a very great quantity of worms. The fores healed, and a perfect care was the happy confiquences and I am told, this moman, while I am writ ting this, is kill alive, and the mother of many children and at gained now responsible

elect in the manifest at historians operation Time hoppy effect these Waters, had on the very first patient, brought them immediately into great esteem with the commonalty; and, as they performed many ourse in procels of time (the by an integular afe) their reputation encreased, and have, over fince their differery, been much frequenced; and from the many cures that have been performed by them (an account of force few is colo lected

be recorded in their proper places, are fill deservedly in great repute.

THERE are feveral Chalybeate-water springs within the zone, or circumference: of the Mineral mixture, which belongs to the Hanleys-Spo Saline-waters. This is not new discovery, but is, from long experience, found to be a natural confequence; because it is the same every where else, all the known part of the globe over, that Saline-Springs are never without Chalybeate ones within a thort space from them; and these Chalybeate-waters are never without falts; upon which account the Mineral contents are more minutely diffolved; and therefore are the best of that class of Waters that are called Chalybeates on With raining find the capagin and googs forms comples who mornished

There are, however, Chalybeate-waters that have no faline springs near them: the renowned ones at Tunbridge in Kent, and several other famed Waters, are of this stamp; they are for ever destitute of falts, and therefore artificial ones must be added, which

which is a great and naufeous inconvenience to the drinkers, require rieds in behavior ad

deferredly in great repute. I po not find that Francis Boothby, or any body else, took notice of the Hanleys-Spa Chalybeate fprings; but they remained totally unregarded, until a gentleman, who had been a visitor at Landrindod, informed me of them, imagining these Waters to be of the fame nature with the Rock-water at Landrinded. His notions were confirmed by my experiments; and from Chapter III. it will appear, that they are as excellent a Chalybeate-water of the kind as any in Great Britain; and therefore, I recommend them immediately to all drinkers of the Salinewithout distinction; and those iprings the belt of that clais of Waters char

Last summer this Water was very much resorted to by the common and poorer sort of people, who did drink them without the least order or regularity; and, being asraid they might prejudice themselves thereby, I cautioned them by the following advertisement.

21-12-13 516, 1919 SHREWSBURY, June 14, 1767.

WHEREAS the Purging MINERAL-WATER at the Hanley's in the Lands of Thomas Powys, Efq; commonly called

so be properly secured, and to be made commodious for the drinkers; all which was very chearfully complied with, by the most worthy Owner.

called BOOTHBY'S SPAW, has been analized and found to be much stronger, than has generally been imagined, and as a new stone reservoir is placed near the spring, in such a manner as to prevent the instance of other water, and thereby to preserve its natural strength and unadulterated virtues. This is to caution all PERSONS against the too free use of it. It has been observed that many take too large a quantity, and continue drinking till it begins to operate: in which they do wrong, and may greatly prejudice their constitutions; I therefore take the liberty of recommending the following method:

Let those of the strongest habit of body not exceed four half pints, and not drink them too soon after each other, but allow a space of 15 minutes at least between each half pint, and conclude with one half pint of the Chalybeate Water.

Let such as are of a tender constitution and weaker habit, begin with two half pints, and never exceed three, observing the above method of drinking, and concluding with half a pint of Chalybeate Water.

These quantities, taken in this manner, will be found sufficiently powerful in the operation, particularly to those who shall continue the use of these Waters for several days together.

. Hustand . W. O. to repeat them here; but,

23

Lacings, that by the experiments, appeared to the feether R. A. H. Precommended

Experiments on the Hanleys Spa Mineral

was very chearfully complied with, by the EDICINAL Mineral Waters are not a modern discovery, they have been known in the most early age; because we find in the second book of Kings, chap. v. verse 12, that the waters of Abana and Pharpar, near Damascus, were, in the days of Elisha the Prophet, in very great repute, for their Medicinal virtues. Pliny, in his Natural History, and Senece in Quest. Nat. inform us of many different species of Waters in Italy; but neither these, nor any other ancient authors, give us any instruction how to try, or to analize them; because that seemed to be a talk reserved for the present age, in which Chymical Philofophy fo greatly flourishes.

THE necessity of analizing Mineral-waters, to be perfectly acquainted with their contents, in order to regulate them for the benefit of Medical Practice, is so well known, that it is needless to repeat them here; but,

three, islanding the shove method of dinking, and

as there are already several Waters, of the same class with those we are here treating of, resorted to in this kingdom; it is there fore incumbent on us, to be most minutely particular in the experiments before us; that the judicious Readers may be enabled to judge, if the Hanleys-Spa Waters are either superior in goodness, or have only an equal share of merit, with others, that are already known.

UNDER these eircumstances, it is natural to suppose, that a peculiar care and exactness in the experiments ought to be obli ferved. And here, I beg leave to inform my Readers, that they were made at fever ral times, and each experiment more than once repeated, the days on which they were made, are May 18, 19 and 21; June 22 and 23; July o and it; August it and 12 g and September 16, 17, 18, 20 and 22, all in the year 1767. And I contrived, as much as possible, to make, and to repeat them, when the die was clear and dry There was no alteration in any of them, before, or after the freestone reservoir was placed, except that they were stronger, or containcontained a greater quantity of falt, and also much clearer, when the spring was properly secured from other Waters mixing with it; as will more circumstantially appear, by the following experiments.

- 1. In the first Chapter we have given an account of the Minerals, through which this Water strains, and described the strata of clay, &c. through which it springs into the reservoir, for use.
- 2. This Water is perfectly clear, the taste is saline and bitter, but not disagreeable; does not change its colour, when exposed to the air, nor loses its purgative qualities.

raktiging, and cach experiment is at than

- 3. Four half pints of this Water to be taken gradually, in the morning, upon an empty stomach, will be found a sufficient dose of purging physic, for the strongest habit of body: and in tender or weaker constitutions, from two to three half pints, will be sufficient for the same purpose.
- 4. THE volatile spirits have been collected from this Water in spelters, or zink ashes, and

and have been also obtained, after Dr. Seip's method; and in both experiments, are found to be of a most benign, bituminous nature.

- fpring-head, into clean bottles, and well corked, it will bear exportation, and retain the purgative virtues.
- 6. SPIRIT of Salt causes no alteration in this water, except a small motion, without separating any of its contents, and lining the glass, in which they are mixed, with air-bubbles.
- 7. SPIRIT of Nitre causes with this Water a very small motion, but, on standing, causes no precipitate, or any other alteration.
- 8. Aou A Fortis causes no alteration, when mixed with this Water.
- 2 violent heat in this Water.
- or alteration is made, but it causes the glass, in which it is mixed, to be fined with air-bubbles.

- causes in this Water a whitish cast, which, on standing, precipitates of a colour inclining to an orange-yellow, the Water becomes clear again, and in a plentiful manner, lines the sides of the glass with air hubbles,
- 12. WITH a folution of common Quickfliver; this Water causes a precipitate of an unpleasing yellow colour. The water saids gains and all the contents, and lining
- changes the blue to a greenish colour; causes a precipitate, and lines the glass with air bubbles.
- causes no alteration, when mixed with these Waters.
- a pearl colour, which, on standing, precipitates, and the Water becomes clear again.
- noison on loistiv to might harry of 16. IRON-VITRIOL disolved and mixed with this Water causes, on standing, a pro-

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lours on the furface of it.

childs a milky colour in this Water, which, on standing, precipitates, and causes a fine ing cuticle on the surface.

beluse code has I to noitude A .22 of 18. A Sopurion of Alam causes ridabiteration, when mixed with this Water do

ter into a green colour ha rate W aids ni bo

did the fame asi fyrup of violets, in the foregoing experiment. Asig said to said said

Water into a milky colour, which on handing, coagulates or breaks, and separates itfelf from the Water, as curds do from the whey; which precipitates in the same colour.

fame as experiment 21.

23. A SOLUTION of the Crude Sal Ar-

moniae made no manner of alteration in

- ed this Water in the same manner as Spirit of Hartshorn. hon assistance and anti-
- 25. A SOLUTION of Pearl Ashes caused in this Water a beautiful transparent white colour.
- 26. SALT of Wormwood diffolved, caufed in this Water an opake orange colour.
- colour in this Water, with air-bubbles on the fides of the glass.
- Water a muddy white colour.
 - 29. POWDER of Galls causes no altera-
 - 30. GRANATE Flowers strike an agreeable red colour with this Water, and, on standing, form a shining cuticle on the surface of it.
- 31. POWDER of Granate Peels causes no alteration. 32. TINC-

fpirits, causes at first a fine colour, like claret, but, on standing, changes into a beautiful blue.

water, strikes a lasting claret colour in this

34. An Infusion of Campeachy Wood, made with water, strikes a blue violet co-lour with this Water.

fine deep orange-cold red lablance.

35. In a glass receiver were evaporated 25 ounces of this Water, and left 160 grains of lediment.

36. THE sediment, obtained in the last experiment, produced, on proper separation, 120 grains of small grained purging salts, of an opake snow-white colour, like those of Sedlitz in Bohemia.

37. OIL of Vitriol causes not any altera-

38. SYRUP of Violets does not change colour when mixed with this falt. give bini aworsh hodow your sund's point fud troops and the allowing change gives absolute claret, but, on standing, changed gives absolut

40. The sediment, with the salts and what was less when the salts were separated from its owere each by itself sublimated with arsenic, the produce of which was a fine deep orange-coloured substance.

At. The natural black precipitate, which fettles in the refervoir, and in the current, which runs from this Water, was treated in the same manner as experiment 40, and produced a like orange-coloured sublimate.

42. THE salts of the Hanleys-Spa Purging Water, exposed in a damp place, will contract a moisture, but not lixiviate.

water are diffolved in warm water, and agile tated, it will let fall, or precipitate, a fine white powder.

44. If these salts are exposed in a dry air, they do not alter nor change in the least, nor contract or moulder into a white magnesia, like

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like powder, as the Cheltenham, Hofor, and other Purging Mineral-water Sales do.

As. A white and blue earthen mug, commonly called a half-pint, but not standard measure, having as much of the Hanleyon Spa Purging Water as it could contain, did weigh nine ounces and three drams. And the same quantity of our Chalybeate Water did weigh nine ounces, one dram, and 32 grains.

THESE are the experiments, which, out of the many I have made, from time to time, on the Hanleys-Spa Purging Waters, I thought necessary to lay before the Publick; and do not in the least doubt, but they will be deemed sufficient, both in number, and in the nature of their quality, by every candid, and inquisitive Reader.

that there is no necessity for a multiplicity of experiments to try, or essay Medicinal Mineral-water *, because a few well-chosen ones, that discover the contents, in the

by

See our Treatife on the Llangybi Mineral-water in

plainest manner, are preferable to such, as require philosophical and learned elucidations. Therefore I apprehend it will be wondered at, that I have been in a manner fuperfluous with experiments, on this Purging Mineral-water. But, as I have already mentioned, that there are several waters in this kingdom, which belong to the fame class with these we are here treating of, all which have discourses wrote on them, and are overstocked with experiments; on which account I am obliged to publish at least so many, as to be on a footing with those that have gone before me, that every candid Reader may be enabled to compare them with each other, and by this means judge which of these natural Remedies deserve the preference. and shamilinge Reader.

Tho' England is, in a particular manner, bleffed with faline purging waters, which do not so much abound in other parts of Europe; yet there never has, before this, an account of a saline Spring been offered to the Publick, that has been found of the sedlitz Waters, in Bobemia, which were,

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by Dr. Hoffman, introduced into the Medical Practice; whereon he bestows the highest est encomiums, calls them the Noblest Waters of the kind, and prefers them above all the Purgative Medicines of the shop, in chronical cases. That the Hanleys-Spa Purging Mineral-water is of the same species and quality with the Sedlitz Water in Bobemia, and of consequence, the very first of this kind that has in England been exhibited to public knowledge, will more satisfactorily appear from the following natural conclusions, which are the result of the above related experiments.

- THE foil, with the mixture of Minerals contained in them , in which the Hanleys-Spa Purging Water springs, are of the same nature, as Hoffman and others deferibe those, in which the Sedlitz waters if see forth.
- 2. This our Purging Water does not differ either in appearance or taste with those of Sedlitz.

HOY . DAYSTAN TONING

The foil, with the Minerals, &c. is to be underflood in things of this kind, of all that is found, from the furface, to at least 20 yards depth or more. ing Water is sufficient for a dose, it is the same with the waters of Sedliez; and here I beg leave to observe, that the most famed Mineral purging Waters here in England, require, from 55 to 60 ounces of water, at least for a moderate purgative dose, when, from 25 to 30 ounces of the Handley-Spa Water is a sufficient quantity for the strong-eff constitution.

4. The Volatile Spirits of this Purging Water, we are treating of, are of that nature, that they affift the Water to operate, without griping, or giving any other uncaffiness to the belly this is also the same with the Sedlitz water.

5. The Hanleys-Spa Putging Mineral and ter will bear exportation, as well as thole of Sedlitz.

2. Turs pur Purging Water does at

6. THE strong acids, such as oil of vitriol, spirit of nitre, spirit of falt, &c. cause not any motion, or ebullition, with the Sedlitz water, but it will turn green, with syrup of violets; all which is in every every respect, the same with this our Purge very third quantity of iron-cartistaW gai our Hanleys-Spa Furging Water is exactly

- THE experiments from LI to 14, instruct us, that this our Purging Water is not overstocked with, and that it contains but a fmall quantity of a vitriolio acid. . Hence it is, that the falts are small-grained, and of the same nature with those of Sedlitz.
- 8. THAT our Purging Mineral-water contains a fine white diffolyed earth, is evident from the 15th and 18th experiments 1 and also of those from 21 to 26. The waters of Sedlitz contain, in an equal degree, the same ingredient up their smit suit swall
- o. Dr. Hoffman, in his trials, made use of powdered galls, and found they had no effect upon the Sedlitz waters, and therefore pronounced them destitute of all iron-contents; but in succession of time it was difcovered *, that tinctures, decoctions, and infusions made of galls, have an effect upon
- * Those that have wrote on the Sidler waters, are Dr. Hoffman, physician to the late King of Pruffig, Dc. Garelli, physician to the Emperor Charles VL Dr. Zittman, Dr. Schwencken, and Dr. Goeritz. sizivi

the Sedlitz waters, and that they contain a very small quantity of iron-earth. That our Hanleys-Spa Purging Water is exactly in every respect the same, is incontestably proved by the experiments 27 to 31.

10. A VERY small quantity of iron, in our Mineral Purging Water, manifestly appears in the experiments 32, 33 and 34, because a very small portion of dissolved iron, is required to change cochineal and campeachy, into a beautiful transparent blue; but, if the solution of iron, in the least, is over-dosed in quantity, then a disagreeable, opake, blue colour, will ensue. These dyes have the same effect upon the Sedlitz water.

- 11. EXPERIMENTS 35 to 39, inform us, that the falts, when extracted from our Purging Mineral-water, are of the same nature and species, as the salts obtained from the Sedlitz waters.
- 12. THAT there is a small quantity of sulphur in this Hanleys-Spa Mineral-water is evident from experiments 40 and 41. I have not the least doubt, but that it is the same with

with the waters of Sedlitz. For which suggestion, I have no authority, because, amongst the many Experiments on this Water, related by several authors, I cannot meet with one, that has the least tendency; for the discovery of sulphur.

that this our Mineral Purging Water, does not contain an alkaline salt, but an earth, of this nature; on which, the acid damps or exhalations have no power to act, which again is verified by Experiment 43, where a natural magnesia is produced from the salts; all this is exactly of the same nature, with the salt of Sedlitz; because Dr. Zittman, from experiments, demonstrates, that the salts of that water have a Terra cretacea, for their fundamental texture.

14. The falts of such Mineral Waters, which are already here in England, in repute, will moulder into a white powder, when exposed to the air. This natural, or airy pulverisation, is caused from the alam, which is inseparably mixed with these kinds of salts. Hence it is, that waters of this

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fort, do not so universally agree with all constitutions, as the waters of Sedlitz in general do, because, it is well known, that alum is of a rough, binding nature, and a most unsit ingredient, in a cathartic medicine; however, this is not the case with the Hanlys-Spa Purging, Mineral Water, because the 44th Experiment, undoubtedly proves, that it is happily destitute of alum, and such kinds of contents, and therefore is, in every respect, by the most natural ties, related to the waters of Sedlitz.

that the Sedlitz water was the first, and I believe, still the only one of this kind, that is discovered in Germany; it is also of a late date, that it was brought into medical use, and Dr. Schwencke very justly observes, that when luxury became the cause of many stubborn, and opprobrious diseases, a most noble natural remedy against them was found in these excellent, saline Waters; Dr. Zittman, with very great success in many obstinate diseases, joined the use of the Sedlitz water to the Thermæ, or naturally, hot waters, by recommending the sick, or afflicted,

afflicted, to go first to Sedlitz, and after some time using that water, then to repair to the naturally, hot sountain, for the same purpose. I am persuaded were the same brought into practice here, and in some cases, the body prepared, for the Bath Waters, by our Saline, Mineral Water, very great benefit would be received thereby.

ĆHAP. III.

Experiments on the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate Water.

HE great variety of Chalybeate Waters, and the great utility they are of, in the Medical Practice, are so well known, that it would be highly abfurd to repeat This is also the same case with them here. respect to the Experiments, because they are equally well known, and as this Chalybeate Water, we are here treating of, is of a fimilar, and very near nature, with two capital Chalybeate Waters, in this kingdom, it might therefore feem sufficient to say, that by the Experiments I have made on this Water, they are, as near as possibly can be D 2 expected,

expected, of the same nature with the Chalybeate waters, at Scarborough, and those of the Rock, at Llandrindod, and refer to the experiments, published by Dr. Shaw on the Scarborough, and those by me on the Llandrindod Waters. But, as these books cannot be in every reader's possession, I thought it therefore proper to repeat them here.

I HAVE already observed, that the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate Waters, are as near as possibly can be expected of the same nature, with those of Scarborough and Llandrindod; but, as there never, as yet, have been found two Chalybeate-waters exactly the same, in every respect; tho' they agree in general points, so, we cannot suppose an exact fimilitude in these three Chalybeatewaters; but, we must expect, that some have more or less of this, or that ingredient; because, nature does not in her compounds make use of measure, and weights, as is the case in the laboratory; and therefore, it is necessary to shew, before we enter upon the Experiments, what difference there is, betwixt these three Chalybeate-waters, which belong to one, and the same class. THESE

THESE differences are in some respect material, and are the following. I. The Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate Water, is much clearer than Scarborough and Llandrindod waters. 2. The Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate Waters have a much more penetrating, volatile, and pleasant smell, than those of Scarborough and Llandrindod. 3. They also have more mineral spirits, salt, and chalybeate contents, than these two last mentioned. 4. There is no alum in the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate Water, but is an ingredient in those of Scarborough. 5. The Chalybeate, we are here treating of, never varies, but is in all feafons, and in all weathers, of one unalterable nature. It is not so with the waters of Scarborough, because they undergo confiderable alterations for the worfe, by rains, frost, and sun-beams, which beat upon them, And, 6. The volatile, mineral spirits do not exhale fo exquisitely quick, and foon, from this our Chalybeate-water, as they do from the Rock-water, at Llandrindod. reach of the ien, and in fach a many

beate Water trickles out, at the foot of a D 3 hill,

hill, which is full of iron-stone. 2. Water-slates. 3. Mondyc; and, 4. Marcasite of divers kinds. 5. Salt-slates. 6. White metallic earth. 7. A small bed of lime-stone. 8. A short distance from this Spring, lower, and on the other side of the hill, there are coal-works, but have no manner of connection, with this Chalybeate Spring, and there is no manner of doubt, but that there are other minerals in the hill, from whence these Waters issue forth, which as yet are not come to our knowledge.

EXPERIMENT 2. The hill, from which this Water springs, is not very steep, nor in any shape even, but properly interspersed with wave-like vales, and the beds are horizontal, fo that neither floods, nor rains, can increase, or mix with it; and as there can be no perpendicular crevices, or clefts in these hills, as it happens to be the case at Scarborough; other wild springs cannot have any communication with that of the Chalybeate-water, which is also out of the reach of the fun, and in fuch a manner fituated, that frost cannot affect it. But, were it defitute of this situation, it is so Hist well well united with the mineral contents, that the strongest frost cannot have any power whatever upon this Medicinal-water-mixture.

EXPERIMENT 3. A glassful of this Chaly-beate-water, when taken from the Spring, is not only bright, and clear, but most uncommonly pellucid; nor are there any mineral particles, in any shape, without, or with a microscope, to be discovered in it; but, after standing some time, it changes into a pearl, which gradually turns to an unpleasing, oker colour; then a precipitate ensured crocus martis, in the sediment.

EXPERIMENT 4. Thus, by standing, this our Chalybeate-water does not separate its texture, by a cuticle on the surface, as many other Chalybeate-waters do, that are destitute of salts. This water deposes also a sediment in the current from the Spring, of a very fine, natural, iron-crocus.

EXPERIMENT 5. The taste of this our Chalybeate-water is very brisk, and pungent,

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and full as pleasant of the iron ore taste, and smell, as any of the famous springs of the Mineral-waters, at the renowned Spa in Germany possibly can.

EXPERIMENT 6. The ferruginous particles, or the natural crocus of iron, which precipitates itself in the current, from this our Chalybeate Spring, contains that well known unctious matter, which adheres to that species of iron ore, that belongs to the Hæmatites class, which sooner, and more powerfully pervades animal bodies, than quicksilver; and therefore deserves the attention, and a farther examination from skilful Naturalists.

EXPERIMENT 7. This Chalybeate-water, we are treating of, contains a large portion of this, as related in Experiment 6, iron-mucilage, infomuch, that some will adhere to the sides of the glass, after 6, or 7 times drinking out of it, without washing the same.

EXPERIM. 8. The natural Iron-crocus deposed by the current, from this Chalybeate Spring, when thrown into an ignited crucible,

very fitte, mesteral, from crocus

ble, the sulphureous essence appears, which emits such a suffocating, blue slame, and smoak, as other minerals, that abound in brimstone, do, and is so strikingly-offensive to the sense of smelling, that a real sulphur cannot be doubted.

EXPER. 9. There is not only in this our Mineral-water; but also near its Spring, a sulphureous smell, very perceptible; this is by late Naturalists, particularly, by Dr. Charles Hoffman, accounted to be a certain sign of salt, in the Mineral-water-mixture.

EXPER. 10. Decoction of galls changes this Chalybeate-water into a deep purple, inclining to blue.

EXPER. 11. Infusion of galls, with water, and the tincture of galls, made with spirits, change this Water into a colour, like red Port wine, which, on standing, alters into a deep violet, blue colour.

EXPER. 12. Powder of galls changes this Chalybeate-water into a deep purple, and powdered granate-peels into a blue colour.

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Water into a Claret-like colour.

Exper. 14. Syrup of violets, and the juice of blue flowers, when mixed with this Chalybeate-water, change it immediately into a green colour.

EXPER. 15. All before related colours, may be discharged with the helps of vitrio-lic acids, and the Water restored to clearness. Those with the syrup and slower juices excepted.

EXPER. 16. Spirit of nitre causes a small effervescence with this Chalybeate-water, and a scum on the surface.

EXPER. 17. Oil of vitriol causes heat in this Water, but not so sudden, or great, as in the saline water.

EXPER. 18. Spirit of salt, aqua fortis, spirit of vitriol, acid liquor, made of brim-stone by the helps of the bell, and the sulphurated spirit of sal-ammoniac, cause no alteration in this Chalybeate-water, but keep it clear,

clear, and transparent, and cause many airbubbles to adhere to the sides of the glass.

Exper. 19. Solution of filver causes in this Water, at first, a milk-white, which very soon changes to an amethist colour.

Expen. 20. A foliation of fublimated, corrofive mercury, causes a white colour in this Water, which precipitates into a yellow one.

EXPER. 21. Several tinctures of cochineal, of different Arength, cause with this Water, at first, a fine, bright purple, which, on standing, changes to a beautiful blue.

EXPER. 22. Infusion of Sant. Rub. causes a brown red colour with this Water.

Exper. 23. An infusion of lig. campech. causes a deep, blue colour in this Chaly-beate-water.

Exp. 24. Solution of iron-vitriol, makes this Water turbid, of an oker, yellow colour, which does not change, when precipitated.

Exp. 23. Solution of copper vitriol, causes in this Water, a white precipitate, without

without any mixture of the copper, which remains dissolved; and with its natural, blue colour, mixes with the Water, above the precipitate.

Exp. 26. Solutions of alum, falt petre, and fal armoniac, cause no alterations, when mixed with this Water.

Exp. 27. Salt of tartar, liquified in a damp place, makes this Water milk-white, and precipitates in the same colour.

Exp. 28. Solutions of pearl-ashes, salt of wormwood, and a solution of salt of lead, act in the same manner, with this Water, as in Experiment 27.

Exp. 29. White vitriol diffolved, and mixed with this Water, causes a white, but, on standing, the precipitate appears of a vellowish colour.

Exp. 30. Spirit of sal ammoniac, and of salt of hartshorn, cause in this Water a white, and a precipitate of the same colour.

Exp. 31. The white earth, obtained by the precipitation with alkalies, being well edulcorated, and the falts separated from it, does does not in the strongest reverberatory fire change the white colour.

Exp. 32. Of this Chalybeate-water, 25 ounces were evaporated in a glass-receiver, which left two drams, or 120 grains of sediment.

Exp. 33. Oil of vitriol, and all strong acids, cause an effervescence with this sediment; but the salt, when separated from it, neither acids, nor alkalies, have any effect upon.

Exp. 34. The sediment of 25 ounces of this Water, produces about 60 grains of neutral salts, which shoot in long spangles.

Exp. 35. The remainder of the sediment, is more than one half, dissolved iron-mineral; about 19 or 20 grains of white metallic earth, and 6 grains of sulphur, or complete brimstone.

Exp. 36. Both the iron, and metallic earth stand all the tests, and criterions of the fire, as is natural to them, and full as much as is necessary to prove their identity.

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Exp. 37. The volatile spirits of this Chalybeate-water, are of the same nature with those of the Salins, Purging Water; but they partake of those exhalations, that are natural to iron-ore and brimstone.

Exp. 38. The sediment of this Water when levigated, mixed with arsenic, and sublimated, produced a fine, orange-coloured, transparent substance.

Exp. 39. Rhenish wine, or rough cycles and sugar, when mixed with this Water, cream immediately, sparkle, and drink very pleasantly.

Exp. 40. The falts of these Waters, after chrystallization, and exposed to the air, will not emit any whitish powder, as is natural to the Cheltenham and Scarborough salts, which contain alum.

THESE Experiments, I hope, will be deemed sufficient for ascertaining the virtues and properties of the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate-waters, to which I beg to add a few Observations.

OBSERVATION I.

According to these, or any other Experiments, that may for the future be made, on these Waters, it does, and at all times will indisputably appear, that they are excellent Chalybeate-waters, which contain, Volatile Mineral Spirits; 2. A Volatile Iron-Principle; 3. Iron-ore, sinely dissolved; 4. A neutral Salt; 5. Sulphur, or common Brimstone; 6. White Metallic Barth; and, 7. Water, as the Vehicle, to all these ingredients.

OBSERVATION II.

That these Chalybeate-waters, are diffused the same nature, with the waters of Scarbonough, and Liandrindod, will more satisfactorily appear, by comparing these Expeniments, with those of Dr. Shaw, on the first, and my own, on the latter. But, if this is not sufficient, the curious investigators of these natural productions, are most heartily requested, to repeat the Experiments, that are recorded of these three Waters, with such others, as they may think sit; and by these means, they will have

have the opportunity, to fatisfy themselves, of the authenticity, and compounds, here related of these salutary Waters.

OBSERVATION III.

In the above Experiments, we have a few instances, indisputably pointed out, that the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate-waters, have not only the advantage, but greatly the fuperiority, to the celebrated waters of Scarborough and Llandrindod. and we o snothmind nom

OBSERVATION IV.

WARM baths made of Chalybeate-waters, have been justly in very great reputation, but in many places, undeservedly neglected for 50 years past. Such Chalybeate-waters as are replete in falts, have, by the best judges, been deemed the fittest for this purpose; which is also verified by natural reason, and experience; wherefore, as this our Chalybeate-water, as is evident from these Experiments, contains a greater quantity of falt, than any other now known in England; it will therefore be found, the very best for this purpose; in case, the salutary practice Marin his and by these means, they well of bathing in these Waters should be re-

OBSERVATION V.

This our Chalybeate-water, contains the same, natural ingredients in the best perfection, and in a sufficient quantity, with those, which compose the celebrated waters of Pyrmont, and Spa, in Germany, as is evident from the before-related Experiments; and if drank at the Fountain-head, will cause and promote the same salutary effects.

N. B. I mention in particular, to be taken at the Fountain-head, because it will not bear carriage, and loses its virtues when exported; the only quality, in which it differs from the Spa, and Pyrmont waters.

OBSERVATION VI.

From these before-related Experiments, we learn, that this, the Hanlys-Spa Chalybeate-water, to a most desirable degree, is composed in Nature's Laboratory, with all similar ingredients, that saline, Chalybeate-waters possibly can be endowed with; and therefore, we have a most excellent natural medicine

grounded

medicine in this Water. But then, it is with this, as with all other most powerful Medicines, the Almighty Creator has blessed us with; that they are as powerful to do hurt to the human constitution, if injudiciously used, as they are able to do good, when properly taken. I therefore, beg leave to give this general and well known caution, to all Drinkers, and Visitors of this mineral, water Fountain; never to make too free with, or to handle this two-edged sword, in an ignorant, and unskilful manner.

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et the Fountain-brad, becaute it will not

The Virtues and Properties of Mineral Waters, that are in the same Class, with the HANLYS-SPA WATER, considered.

THAT mineral Waters, by virtue and helps of those contents, which they have imbibed, and are incorporated with, by passing thro' beds, or veins of minerals, can much sooner pervade, and penetrate thro' the animal body, than common water is capable of doing, is an indisputable fact, grounded

grounded on a long, and the clearest Experimental Observations.

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THE Animal Body cannot subfift without Salt, and the great variety we have of this useful mineral, instructs us, that the Almighty Greater provided them, for the feveral medicinal, and other falutary purposes. The medical falts are, from experience, recommended, and given with a twofold intention, viz. to carry off what is corrupted, and to affift the Animal Fluids, in such a manner, as to refift Putrefaction; and as these are the ends aimed at, it is natural to suppose, that those falts, which produce this beneficial event, must mix with the juices, and circulate with them, thro' the whole body; and it is reasonable to conclude, that salts of the finest texture, such as the Sedlitz, and Hanlys-Spa Waters, are more suitable for this purpose, than the rough, and coarse ones.

DR. HOFFMAN, and all those that have wrote on the Sedlitz water, caution us very much, not to give them in complaints of the Stone, Gravel, and Dropsies; because, it seems, they entertained an erroneous opi-

And From the chan

nion, that falt feeds, or promotes the matter which causes the Stone and Gravel; and in Dropsies, they suppose the intestines so much destroyed, as not to be able to bear the weight of the water. I will not dispute the latter, but the Notion, with respect to the Sone, and Gravel, I can contradict from experience; because, Saline, Mineral Waters, have been found of infinite service in these disorders.

viz. to corre off which is correct

By anatomizing, or diffecting such bodies, as have been troubled with the Stone and Gravel, we are instructed, that this disorder very frequently proceeds from many small, inflammatory Abscesses, Vari, or Pimples, about the Papillus; and tometimes of the Arcade, which from the tender twigs of the Arteriæ, & Venæ emulgentis; from whence this matter is either washed to the kidneys, and bladder, or conveyed and deposited upon the joints. And from the chemical Experiments that have been made upon Stones, Gravel, and that matter, which frequently breaks out of the fingers, after a severe fit of the Gout, which, vulgarly is called Chalk-stones, it evidently appears, that there

there is no manner of falt in these earthy, stone-like concretions; but, too much prove themselves to be of such a hard matter, as comes from these Pimples.

In this disorder, then, a Remedy is necessary, not only to mollify, and dissolve this matter, which is the primary cause of this most dismal distemper; but also, to eradicate the inflammations from whence these Vari proceed. An efficacious, natural medicine, of this kind, I expect much more from, than all the boasted Lithontriptics, and Solvents, of the Shop.

HIGH-DRIED malt liquor will discharge great quantities of Gravel, in persons, that are afflicted with this disorder; from whence it has been fancied by some, that by the helps of this liquor, the Gravel might be cured; but this is a very erroneous opinion, because the discharges promoted by high-dried malt liquor, do not diminish, but increase the matter that causes the Gravel, by increasing the instammation, whereby more Vari or Pustules are brought on, and,

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of course, more matter produced for forming

deep to be of sich a hard matter, as

ABOUT twelve years ago, I was fent for to a patient of about 50 years of age, who, for the last five years, had lived an indulging, fedentary life, had made free with strong malt liquor, brewed of high-dried malt, which brought the Gravel upon him. For the first two years of his disorder, Holland Geneva would ease and give temporary relief to his pains, but this proved at last too weak for his complaint, which continued increasing. When I was called in, I found him under a violent Cholic, with feverish heats, most evident figns that the distemper was increasing. Having procured him relief, with Shop Medicines, I considered the great efficacy, I had observed, by bathing external Eruptions, with a mixture of an equal quantity, of Saline, Mineral, and Chalybeate-waters. Why it might not have the same effect upon these internal Vari, which are the cause of Stone, and Gravel, I made little doubt of. I communicated my sentiments to my Patient, who was very ready for trying the Experiment. I recommended to him to drink

drink an equal quantity of Saline, and Chalybeate-waters mixed, several times, in a day, in an alterative manner, and to purge once a week, by the helps of the Saline-waters. He continued this method for three or four months, by which means he perfectly recovered; and I have experienced the same good success, in several other Patients, that were afflicted with the same kind of disease, to whom I advised the same.

SUCH as make daily too free with malt liquor, their constant, and every morning's complaint is, of an inward heat; and other symptoms are not wanted, which indicate an inflammation, of some part or other, of the intestines. I remember several of these Topers, whose inflammatory matter of this kind was conveyed to the joints, and a Gout was the consequence; which were accidentally relieved by Saline Waters; of many instances of this fort, within my knowledge, I will relate one.

An old Coachman, that had lived long in London, by good living had contracted a gouty, gummy, bloated habit of body, infomuch, that he was disabled from following E 4 his

his employ, as a coachman; and therefore retired with his wife into the country, and near a much frequented road took a house for felling of Ale. And as he was beloved amongst his equals, that constantly travelled between a trading town, and the metropolis, it was natural to expect business. hopes, he fitted up his house, and as water was wanted, he caused a well to be digged. At 40 feet deep, they met with water, which happened to be impregnated with a fmall quantity of coarfe falt, and a good deal of marle earth, which made the water foft, so to lather with soap; and the salt taste less perceptible; and as marle earth promotes fermentation, the malt liquor brewed with this water was uncommonly fine. But as this earth has naturally a purgative quality, and being in the fermentation united with the falt, the quality of the ale was so greatly cathartic, that a quart of it was a strong dose; and no salts, or any other taste uncommon to malt liquor could be perceived. If heel sade televedes.

AT the Opening of this house, and what is called the House-Warming, this late coach-

coachman had a very numerous meeting; and the fine ale was not spared; but unexpectedly all his guests were most powerfully purged. They were all greatly furprized, at this general and unexpected evacuation; many were the conjectures, but, the Ale was not suspected, until the dose was repeated, and the same effect found by every body else who did drink of it; and as the Alehouse-keeper was remarkable amongst his acquaintance for playing tricks to cause mirth; it was univerfally believed by them. that he had fined his Ale with Jalap, on the fame account: and as the cathartic power continued, he lost all his customers, and was obliged to drink the ale himself; and tho' it daily purged him brifkly, yet it never weakened, but on the contrary invigorated him. And he had the fatisfaction of being cured from his gout and repletions.

This cure foon spread abroad, and came to the knowledge of a neighbouring clergy-man, who was in the same condition, whereupon he tried this Liquor, with the same

iriii

fame good effect, as feveral others have

A Man of about 46 years of age, full of flesh, who always lived well, and greatly indulged his appetite in eating of high feafoned dishes, but never made any excess in drinking, and used little excercise, was every morning seized with painful reachings, and vomiting a brown-like flimy fubstance, of a most disagreeable taste, and smell. His diforder, was called by those he had confulted for the recovery of his health, a Scurvy in the stomach. When my advice was required, I considered, what he discharged by this natural vomiting, as an arthritick, imperfect, gouty matter. And from his fedentary life, the hypochondria could not be doubted. I was not out in my conjectures, because all Antiscorbutics disagreed with him; when, on the other hand, Antiarthritics, never failed of giving him temporary relief; but, finding by repeated trials, that I could do nothing effectual for him, by the helps of artificial medicines, I was obliged to recommend to him natural productions. Saline, mineral, with an equal quantity of Chalybeate-waters, were the remedies that that restored him to health. He drank of this mixture, every two or three hours, all day long, as much as would give him two or three stools, in 24 hours. And by these means, in about five weeks, he was cured of this disorder.

ended. Flowderer the means

In many weaknesses, and relaxations, Chalybeate-waters, tho' they contain naturally a falt, are, without a mixture of the faline, mineral Water, inefficacious, because, the animal juices want to be purified; and the inflammations, which in a manner imperceptibly hang upon them, to be carried off, before they can strengthen, and restore the elasticity of the circulatory vesfels. Amongst the many cases of this kind, I have experienced, I will relate the following. A young Gentleman, 21 years of age. of a strong, robust constitution, not in any manner impaired, hunted a whole day in the rain; and in the evening, remained in his wet cloaths till bed time, without changing them, which threw him into a violent Rheumatism; for which he was blooded, and being faint after the operation, was laid on the bed; when by accident, the the bandage loosened, by which means, unknown to himself, and unperceived by his attendants, he bled again, and discharged a very great quantity of blood, before it was known: which loss, brought such a great weakness upon him, that a Consumption was apprehended. However, the means that were used for his recovery, caused a violent eruption all over his body. But this natural effort, by improper treatment, returned into the mass of blood, with the greatest virulence; which rendered his fituation still more deplorable. In this condition, a Chalybeate-water, which contained a small quantity of natural falt, was recommended him, which he used for a month's time, without any relief whatever. Upon this unfuccessful experiment, he was recommended to a mixture of an equal quantity of faline, and Chalybeate-water, which he used, for the space of four months, and a happy recovery was the consequence.

THE most remarkable circumstance in this Case, was, that the Patient did not use these Waters, in an alterative manner, and to purge, at such times only, when Nature,

by a fulness, indicated such a discharge to be necessary: but, on the contrary, purged almost every day, from the quantity of water he had taken, without an encrease of weakness. Hence it is evident, that evacuations, promoted by Mineral-waters, are never to be dreaded as dangerous, in the most weak and languid constitutions.

While I am writing this, I recollect another Case, which proceeded from a weakness of the nerves in the abdomen, of which the consequence always is an irregular Motus tonici; and those contractions, called Convulsions, are the unhappy effects. The Gentleman, that was afflicted with this kind of disorder, was cured by a mixture of saline, and Chalybeate-water. I therefore beg leave to relate it here.

A GENTLEMAN of the age of 34, who the most part of his life resided in London, was periodically, once in 24 hours, or once in two or three days, seized with spasmatic contractions in the thorax; which in some measure, resembled a Catharrus suffocativus, in so terrible a manner, that the poor sufferer

ferer panted for breath, lost his speech, and foamed at the mouth; in thort, these fits very much refembled an Epilepsy. 1. The morbific matter appeared to be lodged in the Abdomen, and the Patient always knew, from 30 to 45 minutes, when the fit was to come upon him; and the immediate, or temporary relief, that could be given him, was to expose his face, as much as possible, to the air. When he came under my care, he had been freely handled with the lancet. Vomits and purges had not been spared, and therefore, there was no necessity for any of these Generalia. I advised him to take an equal quantity of Chalybeate, and Saline, Mineral-waters, in small doses, every other hour; and by these means, he perfectly reand Chalvbeate-water. A chere brayon

All great towns have their peculiar Complaints; in London, an Asthma is one of those that mostly prevails, and therefore a remedy for this troublesome companion cannot but be acceptable: and I will only relate one Case, of the many, that have been under my Care. Of London-Asthmas, which hap-

leave to relate it, here.

happily have been relieved from this diforder, by the Saline and Chalybeate-water.

mineral, and Chalyingre-tyaters, are far A woman, aged fixty years, and upwards who had lived from the 18th year of her age, in London, as a fervant, at the age of forty, was feized with a violent Althma, attended with a cough, thornnels of breath, indigestion, and loss of appetite. She had the affiftance of feveral of the most eminent Gentlemen of the Faculty, in London; and with great regularity took the medicines prescribed, for several years successively without any relief. When the Shop Medicines failed, the had recourse to most of the Mineral-waters near London, which also proved without the defired effect; then she made use of the Briftol, Bath, and the Breconsbire fulphureous Waters; but all to no purpose. After this, the became my Patient; I recommended to her the drinking faline and Chalybeate-waters, in the same manner, as I had directed the last mentioned Gentleman, and I had the pleasure to see her perfectly recovered, after 40 days regularly drinking bette nateral near Bard, were all

Not only in particular, but in all kind of weaknesses, an equal mixture of saline, mineral, and Chalybeate-waters, are far preserable to such Mineral-waters, as have not any natural salts in their composition. I have remarked this, in several instances, but I will only relate one Case, in which the most celebrated Waters in this kingdom sailed, of a cure, when at last it was happily compleated by the Chalybeate, Saline, Mineral-water-mixtures.

A Young Man, 20 years of age, was afflicted with a Gonorrhea simplex; not contracted from a venereal infection; and therefore, more difficult to cure. so bad, that a consumption was visibly coming upon him; there was nothing omitted by his friends; but as foon as they came to the knowledge of it, caused proper means to be made use of for his recovery; and when the Materia Medica would vield no relief, he was fent to Bristol, and from thence to Bath, and for a confiderable time used these Waters, under proper advice; and when these failed, the Lyncomb Chalybeate-waters, near Bath, were also fruitlessly . lessly tried. Some months after, he had made use of these waters, he became my Patient, and was compleatly cured, by an equal mixture of Chalybeate, and Saline, Purging-water. N. B. It must be observed, that he constantly had taken a small quantity of Glauber Salts, with the Lyncomb Spa-waters; a method, frequently recommended, where the Chalybeate-waters, as those of Lyncomb, are without salt; but I never could, from Experience, find any greatly salutary effects from it.

I CANNOT omit to relate a cachectic hypochondriac Case, which is extremely similar to the 76th case of Dr. Springsfeld, related in his History of Cures, performed by the Bohemian, Caroline waters. My Patient, at the age of 45 years, in boggy places, contracted in the same manner, like him mentioned by Dr. Springsfeld, a most irregular Circulation of the Animal Fluids, so as to become compleatly cachectic; and as this most learned Gentleman very justly observes, that the cause ought to be looked for, in Visceribus nimis laxis; et debilibus, my Patient had used various means for his re-

COVER.

covery, and had consulted several eminent Gentlemen of the Faculty; but, the remedies, that were prescribed for him, made his disorder worse. Whereupon, he was sent to Bath, which was very proper, because Bath-waters are a most excellent medicine in diseases of this kind. Yet, they were no manner of service to this Gentleman. About six months after his return from Bath, I was consulted by him. I recommended to him an equal quantity of Chalybeate and Saline, Mineral-waters; by which he was restored to good health.

Thus, we see, how great improvements there can be made, with Chalybeate-waters, if they are mixed with the natural, saline, purging waters. Hitherto we have treated of an equal mixture; and it is necessary to inform our readers, that we observed in many cases, that an equal quantity of these waters, would by no means be efficacious; but did extremely well, if the Chalybeate-water was the greatest portion in the mixture. And tho this does chiefly depend upon the constitution of the Patient, yet

many

we will relate some Cases, in which the Cures were performed with three parts of Chalybeate, and one part of faline, Minerals mid aberg

A young Fellow, of 20 years of age, of a phlegmatic temperature, for the first 13 years of his life, was low, or rather miserably poor, but, at the age of 13, he was taken into a gentleman's family as a fervant; where he indulged his appetite both in eating and drinking to excess. At the age of 18, he was visited with a severe sever; for which no manner of medical affiftance was administered, but, he was left entirely to the determination and mercy of provident Nature. The confequences of this illness, were fwelled legs, which excoriated, and discharged matter of various colours, with a foetid, offensive fmell. In this condition he was obliged to guit his service, and return to his parents, where he had nothing to fubfist upon, but his original, poor diet. But this, did not in the least alleviate his diforder, which continued increasing, and for the space of two years, he tried F 2

many remedies, but all in vain. In this condition, he came to me for advice; I recommended to him the faline, purging waters only, but they made him vomit for three days successively; whereupon, I advised him to mix an equal quantity of Chalybeate-water with them; but they made him sick, with giddiness in the head; at last, three parts of Chalybeate, and one of saline Water, agreed with him. And in this manner, he used the Waters for a considerable time, whereby he was restored to perfect health.

THERE is no manner of doubt, but that all mineral waters are of real fervice, in some degree or other, especially in scrophulous cases; and that some waters, tho of the same Genus, are preserable to others, is a truth, of which Practice has convinced us. I have seen many surprizing cures performed in this disorder, by several different mineral waters: but then, it always required a considerable time to bring these salutary effects about. In general, the saline waters are looked upon, as the most proper remedy in this

this Complaint; nevertheless, I have more than once observed, that a mixture of Chalybeate, and Saline-waters, in which the Chalybeate has the greatest share, have much fooner performed a cure, than either of them, when used separately.

A Boy of about 14 years of age, was in an uncommon manner affected with the King's Evil; feveral ulcers were about one elbow and knee, and confiderably large tumours at his glands, about the joints, and other parts of his body; he had been bathing, and drinking the Sea-water for a long time; by which he was not in the least benefited. Soon after the use of the Sea-water, his eyes became very much inflamed. But this I attribute to his not bathing properly, and not dipping his head fufficiently under water. When he came under my care, I ordered him at first, the saline, purging Waters. But, as they purged in small doses, I observed, that the tumors, and ulcers were hardly affected by it. Wherefore, that these Waters might act as an alterative. enter the circulation, and mix with the fluids in his body, I recommended to him--Tolevi

an equal quantity of saline and Chalybeate; waters; but, as he was of a lax habit of body, even this, in very small quantities, would frequently purge him briskly, and Chalybeate, without the Saline-water, would greatly increase the inflammations of his eyes. Upon this, I desired him to take three parts of Chalybeate, and one of the Saline-waters; which happened to agree extremely well with his constitution; and by a regular use thereof, for six, or seven weeks, he obtained a compleat cure.

In immoderate fluxes of the Menses, where the Chalybeate-waters, with spirits of vitriol, have failed, a mixture of Chalybeate, and Saline-waters, have succeeded to admiration. Chalybeate-water, and spirit of vitriol, is a very common remedy in these complaints, but very frequently it is found to be detrimental to those that are of a delicate constitution, by contracting the vessels: that they either discharge too much, or too little, of such matter, as the constitution should be freed from, which are very great inconveniences, but they are not to be feared, from the before-mentioned Mineral-

water-

water-mixture. I will relate one Case on this subject, and therewith conclude this Chapter.

daines, and continues free from them over A Widow Gentlewoman, about 33 years of age, of a very tender habit of body, was often feized with an immoderate flux of the Menses, attended with great weakness, and palpitation of the heart, a chilliness, and frequent tremors, with a giddiness and pain in the head, and other hysteric symptoms. During the intervals of the Uterine Hæmorrhages, the Fluor Albus, by an incessant discharge, rendered her extremely weak, and feeble; which manifested itself by a loss of appetite, a yellow complexion, swellings of the legs, and from an impoverished state of the blood. Strengthening and cordial remedies were administered to very little purpose. Then a most eminent Phyfician ordered her to drink, every morning Chalybeate-water, with a few drops of spirit of vitribl in it. This did give her forme relief, for a short time; but then the disorder returned with greater violence. In this condition, the became my Patient: I advised her to drink three parts of Chalyrio.erw F 4 beate,

beate, mixed with one of Saline-water; from which she soon found remarkable benefit, and recovered from all her complaints, and continues free from them ever since, which are now upwards of eight years.

CHAP. V.

The Transmutation of DISBASES considered; and the most proper MINERAL WATERS for their Relief, pointed out.

MEN, or the Human Animals, to diftinguish them from Brutes, are called rational Creatures; they are endowed by the Almighty Creator with such excellent qualities, as enable them to distinguish Good from Evil. Wherefore then, this buman Animal cannot be ignorant, of what tends to its own preservation, and from simple, natural observations, can easily discover, or find out those things, which are the most wholesome, and best adapted to the conservation of his Constitution. He cannot, under these advantages, be a stranger to that which which will destroy his health, and make him miserable. But let us take a practical survey of men, and we shall soon discover a perverseness, which clogs, or obscures these exalted faculties, to so great a degree, that the machine is plunged into destruction, by their own imprudence.

IT is needless to expatiate on this subject, because it is too well known, that irregularities, of every kind, are the main cause, of bringing on most of the diseases, that are incident to mankind. Now, it were to be wished, when the patient is afflicted, that the rational powers would reassume, and exert their functions, as kind Nature does her utmost to expel the morbific matter, and to affift her in the expulsion of these pernicious contents; by which the machine, or frame of the body, was brought into disorder. But here again we meet with another instance of human obstinacy, that. either salutary means take up too much time, or are wholly neglected; or elfe, improper remedies made use of. Thus the primary diforder is changed into a worse, which originally might perhaps have been only an effort

fort of Nature; or might, by proper applications, have been made such; and confequently a darge train of miseries, or an untilinely destruction of the whole body, have been prevented.

In this manner, disorders are corrupted, and diseases altered from one genus, into another, which at best end in Chronical Distempers: and when the Shop-Medicines fall of a cure, then they are configned over to the Medicinal, Mineral-waters. As these are the chief patients that come to there fountains for relief, and as it is in the nature of things impossible, that one fort of Mineral-water can be an universal remedy for all different diforders, and therefore liable to make wrong applications, by un-Rilful and ignorant advicers; we therefore Will dedicate this Chapter on corrupt of frantmuted Difeafes; * to fuch; as have fuffered under this bad treatment : and inform them what species of Mineral-waters are most proper for their removal.

IT

They may be justly called, Transmuted Diseases, because they proceed from real changes, brought on from bad to worse.

Ir is a well known truth, and in part has been already observed, that chronical diseales are brought on, by feveral means, viz. 1. By Intemperance. 2. By Neglect, that is to fay: When nature mistakes her wonted operations, and the body begins to be out of order, easy and proper remedies, to affift Nature, and to guide her into the right road again, are neglected. 3. Chronical diftempers are too frequently contracted by prefervative remedies, fuch as bleeding, vomiting, bitter drops, stomach-powders, with many other things made nie of; (N. B. Medicinal Mineral-waters not excepted) at fuch times. when there is really no occasion for them. 4. Diforders are also converted into others, by hindering Nature in her efforts, and injudiciously stopping natural, and unforced Vomitings, Purgings, Hæmorrhoids, or other Defluxions; and also, 5. By a total interruption of the operations of Nature, by a bad Regimen, and improper Medicines.

On a ferious confideration then, it will appear a most evident Fact, that many difmal consequences are brought on, by the ignorance, norance, and unskilfulness of many Physicians. In the Chirurgical Science, how many Cripples do we see, who are actually brought into that condition, by the ignorance or neglect of the Surgeon, under whose hands they were entrusted? And if the Medical Male-treatments left the same visible evidences, it would reduce many Physicians, from their Chariots, to walk on Foot.

ALL disorders arise from a matter, that is repugnant to the animal fluids, which Nature endeavours to expel; from whence uncommon motions are excited; and if the malignant matter cannot be separated by these intestine, voluntary motions, then the body becomes disabled, and the sickness is come to that stage, that medical assistance is required for relief. This is the critical time. when that true knowledge is necessary, whereby Nature must be relieved of her burthen in the easiest manner possible. And by separating this matter, a proper regard must be had, to preserve an uninterrupted beneficial circulation; otherwise Death, or at best, a Chronical Disease will be the confequence. IN

In the medical Administration, it is particularly necessary to be extremely cautious; because remedies, and all that belong to them, are unnatural, and diametrically opposite to the economy of the human body, and the motions of the vital fluids. It is therefore highly necessary to consider, if the matter, which opposes Nature in her falutary operations can be corrected, and carried off, by some one or two separatory organs; and, if that can be done, it is most certainly Male-Practice to make use of all the united medical powers; which, at best weaken the Constitution, to such a degree, as to require Bracers, and Strengtheners, for ever after. of Windowski waters.

Nothing can be more rational to our comprehension, than this; that when the primary disorder is neglected, or the morbibic matter, by wrong treatment, dispersed thro' the whole frame, and neither properly maturated, nor duly separated from the fluids, that support the machine, and not totally discharged; the consequence must be bad, and it requires no great sagacity to presage, that this matter, that is so unnatural,

to the human constitution, must disturb and much more disable the frame, than in the beginning of the distemper; and also change the same into another, or different disorder, from what it was before.

To give a detail, in what manner diforders are neglected, male-treated, or from improper medicines, removed from bad to worfe, would take us too much from our prefent defign; and may perhaps be the subject of another work. We therefore, will consider a few of these changed, or transmuted distempers; particularly, such as will lead us to, and are connected with the use of Mineral-waters.

THE morbific matter, if left dispersed, and undischarged in the human body, if it remains inwardly, will bring on, 1. Schirrous and cancerous obstructions of all kinds, intestine ulcers, sweats, total contractions, and all such disorders, as are thereon depending. 2. If this matter works to the extremes, swellings, external cruptions, &c. &c. are the consequences. It is 3. also very often a promoter of a waste, or total destruction

struction of one, or two particular limbs, or parts of the body. And 4. this matter will cause unnatural discharges, with many other appearances, unnecessary to mention here, because the major part of the afflicted, which come for relief to the Mineral-water Fountains, are comprehended within these divisions.

A Cough may be brought on by a defluxion of humours, from the head to the lungs, or from some other part of the body; and the appearance may be fuch, as if the lungs were really debilitated. In this case, expectorating medicines, according to the common practice, are given, and fo long continued, till almost all the defluxions of the whole body are invited to the oppressed lungs. Infomnch, that at last they must yield to be really infected; which would have been prevented, if the disorder at first had been rightly understood, and properly treated. In this Case, Mineral-waters in general, even the Thermæ, are serviceable; but where on the contrary, the disorder proceeds from a real inflammation of the lungs, there they are highly prejudicial, a

few only, fuch as the Bristol and Selters Waters excepted. A whod and lo sing to

will caule monatural difeharges, with many IT is a controverted point, whether or not, Bleeding should be used in Palsies; both parties contend very strenuously for the establishment of their own favourite hypothesis. However, in this, as in all other Cases, the extremes on either side should be avoided; because it is a most certain truth, that by too frequent bleeding, by way of preservation, Palsies may be brought on, and therefore, this evacuation, in the before-mentioned disorder, ought to be made use of, with the utmost caution; and never to be admitted, unless a Plethory appears, in the most visible manner, viz. by a bleeding of the nose, or an hæmorrhage, from any other part of the body. But where these indications are wanting, it is certainly male-practice to bleed, because an improper use of this, or any other violent evacuation. will fix this disorder, that neither artificial. nor natural remedies, can have the least effect upon it. but where opethe can

proceeds then a real meaninging of the

DR. MEAD, in his Medical Precepts, totally explodes the use of Bath-water, in this diftemper the affires us, that he has known fome Cases of Paralytics, fent to Bath by a mistaken judgment of their Phys ficians. The poor creatures, upon coming out of the Bath, were feized with a return of their Apoplexy, which carried them off because such waters, in particular the natur-

ALL that is advanced here, is a most certain, and undoubted fact of But then, this is to be understood of those, where an Apoplexy preceded the Palfy; nor do I find, that these Patients were properly prepared for bathing. And in this, I apprehend the mistake lies, which the Dr. complains of. Because it is known from experience, that in this, and all other kinds of Palsies, when previously prepared internally, with Saline and Chalybeate-waters, then, bathing in naturally Hot-waters, has produced very good effects. But yet, the bathing in Saline and Chalybeate-waters, made hot with metallic flags, from the smelting furnaces, exceeds all other Baths whatever, in the cure or relief of this diforder.

^{*} The Medical Works of Dr. Richard Mead. Vol. III. p. 36. G

IT has in all ages, been a custom amongst the Medical Tribe, to contrive and invent medicines, for correcting the morbific matter, without thinking of a proper separation, and discharge. Of the same from the vital fluids, when oppressed with it. This opinion has also made its way, and done very great hurt, in the Mineral-water Practice; because such waters, in particular the naturally hot ones, which have no purgative quality, are chosen for tender, weak constitutions; with intention, for correct and blunt the edges of the acid, or other thank hels, of which the morbific matter is happet fed to confift and the water from its datural heat, is believed to be an Alkali. Many more like this, are the imaginary hypothefes that are entertained amongst the Faculty, to the great prejudice of numbers, that are heavy-laden with difeases. We therefore carnot fufficiently caution, against that permicious practice of using all kinds of Mineral-waters, whether hot or cold, which have no purgative qualities, without proper evacuations, judiciously adapted to the conftitution, and disorder of the patient.

Such as labour under a weaknets, brought on, by the Fluor Albus, Gonorthosa-Simplex, and fuch like defructive Discales, are most frequently sent to Bail, for a cure, and also for the recovery of firength, on a general supposition, that Bathwaters are of a firengthening nature ; as undoubtedly they are, if properly managed. But then, they cannot promote these desirable effects, unless the matter, which causes the diforder, is properly separated tropp the vital fluids. And this most salutary confequence is with nothing better obtainable, than by a mixture of Saline and Chalybeatewaters; and when the matter is properly discharged, then Baths prepared of Chalybeate and Saline-waters are much more invigorating, than the naturally Hot-waters possibly can be the sense but seeserd tant

I know I shall be contradicted, yet nevertheless, it is a certain fact, that most hypochondriac, and hysterical disorders are brought on, from too free an use of all the united medical powers. Because, on the slightest occasion, some blood must be taken away; a composing, nervous draught suc-

ceeds this; to bring the stomach right, vomits are not neglected; to clear the head, and to empty the bowels, blifters and draftic purges are not spared. All these Healthdestroying Materials are so long continued, till they have not any visible effect upon the Patient: because the constitution is either inured to it, or totally destroyed. But, if yet the least spark of animal strength is left, Nature will make her efforts in those spasms, which are called Hysteric, or Hypochondriac Fits. Because, in this Case, the circulatory vessels have yet a small share of their re- and propelling powers remaining; and therefore, drive on the vital fluids, as much as they possibly can. But, as a sufficient power is wanting, these spasmatic Fits are the consequence. At this juncture, the natural bracers, and strengtheners, viz. Mineral-waters, are the last resource; because the artificial Materia Medica being totally exhausted, the natural must succeed. And here again the same wrong, and unnatural method purfued in the former, is continued with the latter.

fight of occasion, form slood and the taken

Bath, Bristol, and Tunbridge, are the receptacles, to which these unfortunate perfons are configned; and these Waters would not be amis, being excellent in their kind: but then, a proper use, or application is the point, from which falutary effects can be expected. Because these disorders, altho' the whole Machine is weak and feeble, are not without a morbific matter, which must be evacuated, with the most mild, natural remedies, before any recovery can be expected. (The artificial ones are in these cases made use of to no manner of purpose.) Wherefore then as the Bath, Briftol, and Tunbridge-waters, have not any evacuating qualities, such as are most proper, must be added to them; and where that is neglected, hectic and other fevers are the unavoidable consequence. As this is the case, it is much more prudent in those that are afflicted with these disorders, to make use of fuch Mineral-waters, as are endowed with natural, evacuating qualities.

FEEBLE, or thin, weak-nerved women are in general the greatest breeders, which undoubtedly makes them still more tender,

and also exhausts their constitutions, in proportion to the miscarriages, and children they bring into the world. These then are the only patients I know of, to whom the Bath and Briffol-waters are ferviceable, without any other aid or affiftance.

DR. Dolæus informs us of a patient, that was afflicted with the jaundice; when the artificial Materia Medica failed, for two years, under his Physician's direction. made use of Mineral-waters, that were deltitute of natural, evacuating contents. But without any fuccess at all, and the disorder terminated in death. Whereupon, the corpfe was opened, and in the gall-bladder were found five flony concretions; when they were put into water they funk, and when washed, they found them all crusted over with iron contents, in fo much, that the loadstone would attract them very readily.

Too often are fevers, by bad management, conveyed into the extreme parts of the limbs, instead of eradicating them out of the body; and all this may be done by

an improper application of the very best remedies; the Peruvian Bark in particular. Male-treatments of this fort bring on violent pains in the extreme parts, which too often are pronounced Rheumatic, when in fact, the fever, and part of the specific medicine, are lodged in the bones, and caufe the pain. For this supposed rheumatism, bathing either in cold, or naturally hot water is too frequently recommended, without any regard to that feverifh matter, and part of the Materia Medica, which are the cause of the pains, and if not properly discharged. this unnatural bathing will at best make a eripple of the patient, and cause a third diforder, far different from the two first.

HERE I shall be contradicted, and experience will be appealed to against me, viz. That if in these cases, evacuating Mineral-waters are used, the sever will return. I grant, that this frequently is the case; but then it is the very best thing that can happen; because severs, returning in this manner, are never dangerous, nor stubborn; but may be easily subdued with these Mine-

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ral-waters;

ral-waters, to very great advantage of the fufferer.

Mele-treatments of this fort bring on vio I HAVE already observed, that this subject might be very much extended, but my prefent intent is, to exhibit only a few hints, and that, for twofold reasons, viz. to make fuch as refort for relief, to Mineral-waters, fensible, that these waters, like other remedies, greatly differ from each other in their qualities. Therefore, they should chuse fuch only as are most proper, and never use them without a judicious guide, or director; and 2. the dispensers of these natural remedies, I mean the Physicians that prescribe them, should consider maturely their patient's complaint, and the peculiar quality of the Water, before they recommend it; that what holds good in one case, may do fo in all others. Time of it their cales.

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CHAP. VI.

Cases of Cures, performed by the Hanlys-Spa-Water.

OTHING improves Medical Learning more, than Cases of Cures performed, and the more minutely these cases are drawn up, without neglecting the
most trisling circumstance, the greater they
are in their instructive consequences.

MINERAL-WATERS have been used in . the most early times; but is it not amazing, that we find no where a morbific History, from Writers of the former ages, of Cases, and Cures, performed by these kind of waters? All that we have on this head, is within the present century, not of 70 years standing. Dr. Pierce, in his Bath Memoirs; and Dr. Ruffel, in his Differtation on Sea-water, are the only Gentlemen I know of in this nation, that to any ufeful purpose have collected, and published Cases. Dr. Seip, Junior, Dr. Tilling, Dr. Springsfield, and an anonymous Physician at Wisbaden, are the collectors in Germany, that deferve any confideration

fideration on this so beneficial, and important subject.

As the publishing Cases of Cures performed by Mineral-waters, is of fuch a late date, and so very few have made attempts, is cannot be otherwise expected, but, that the Morbific Hiftory, in this branch of the Medical Science, must be very desective. Next to this, there are other almost infurmountable impediments in the way, for obtaining perfect cases of this kind, for this plain and obvious reason, viz. most of the Patients, that come to these Fountains, for the restoration of their health, have been under the experimental hands of our Faculby; an improper use of the united medical powers, is the chief, and only agent that fends them there. Under these circumstances then, it is impossible to expect an honest confession of the blunders, the Doctor has jointly committed with his Friend Mr. Comprebenfive.

To draw a Medical Case well, the most minute circumstance, of every stage of the disorder, or change into another disease, ought ought to be particularized; but this feems almost impossible to be done, by those that practice at Mineral-water Fountains, because, when these truly miserable objects, that have taken feveral journies thro Apothecaries shops, come to these natural medicines, and are most circumstantially examined, seldom or never, can give a regular account of their fufferings; but ever will exclaim, to the most material question, and fay, O, Doctor, I was, and am fill fo bad, and fo full of Pain, that I really cannot defcribe to you how I was, or bow I am now. Something to this purpose is always the anfwer I get, from these patients, when I interrogate them about their diffemper; and as this is the case, we must content ourselves, in relating the appearance of the disorder, and the state the poor sufferers are in, when they come for relief to the Mineral-waters, and then from time to time most carefully observe the operations, and the effect these waters produce. If this method, tho' greatly defective, in general were obferved, by the Gentlemen that practice at these places, and the most remarkable cases communicated to the public, the advanta-

y. Crees

ges gained thereby would be very great, and much enlarge the use, and utilities of Mineral-waters.

THE Cases of Cures performed by the Hanlys-Spa-waters, do not only labour under the disadvantages I have complained of, but also are most of them performed, with the greatest irregularity, in the use of them; wherefore, the only benefit that accrues, in relating these cases, is, that they are certain evidences, of the identity of the diftempers they have cured. And in this point, I have proceeded with the utmost care and caution; where I could not make out the Disease, with an exact precision, I rejected the case, as useless to my purpose; by which means, a far greater number than I here present to the public, are left unrecited. The method or plan, is in the following manner.

THE First are the Cases of Cures which are communicated to me by . . . Ramsay, the woman who hitherto has attended at this Spring; they have also the concurring testimonies of several other creditable people in this Town, and neighbourhood.

2. CURES

confirmed the truth, and related the particular circumstances themselves, to me.

2. The fucceching year, E. D. to years stow as carry charles the course which the formach; for which the had taken varieties from which the had taken varieties from which the had taken varieties from the first which the first warms of the first which the first warms of the fir

regarded them as trifles, I mean such as the Rickets, or other disorders, that can be curred with common water, or will yield to an easy remedy. I mean show that

She continued the use of

the disorder has perfectly baffled the artificial Materia Medica, and where the discovery, was intirely owing to this natural Medicine, the Hanlys-Spa-Water.

I. CASES which were communicated by

1. ABOUT 18 years ago, L. S. then an infant, of about eight years of age, laboured under a very obstinate Scurvy, with most violent eruptions all her body over, for the cure of which, artificial medicines proved inessectual; but, was compleatly restored

to health) by doinking and bathing in the Saline Mineral-waters, dat Hanlys Spandoes ticular circum lances themicives to me to the level of the circum lances themicives to the land of th

- of age, was brought to the Hanlys-Spa, afflicted with most exquisitely great pains in the stomach; for which she had taken various remedies, without the least spaces; not was it known what was the least spaces; not was it known what was the least space of the disorder, but, on drinking the faliane Watter, the discharged a large quantity of those small worms, which generally are called Maw-worms. She continued the use of this Water for some time, by which means she totally discharged the worm, and was freed and relieved from her complaint.
- 3. There was also brought the same year M. D. to Hanlys-Spa, then at the age of 14 years; she was very much afflicted with a violent inflammation in the eyes, which, from the account that was given of it to me, seemed to be of a scrophulous nature, and the various Means were used, yet all artificial remedies had no manner of effect upon her. She was compleatly cured by drinking the saline Waters at Hanlys-Spa.

4. A young Woman of 16 years of age, came from Whit-Church, about 21 years ago, to the Hanlys-Spa, with a scrophylous humour in her eyes, to that violent degree, that she intirely had lost the sight of both. By drinking, and washing her eyes, with the saline, purging Water, she was perfectly cured of this disorder.

dren, being most severely afflicted with a vious lent Scurvy, which had a leprous appearance, came about 17 years ago to the Haswlys-Spa for relief; of which she was perifectly cured by drinking, and bathing in the saline purging Water; which was made warm for that purpose. I am told that the is still alive, has continued well, and since this Recovery, has brought several healthy children into the world.

6. A vounce Man from Montgomeryshire, 16 years of age, was cured of a most violent Scurvy, and Gravel, by drinking, and washing himself with the saline Waters at the Hanlys-Spa, remains well, and it is now 18 years since this Cure was performed.

lent cold, to that the could not want in any

7. Soon after the discovery of the saline Mineral-water at the Hanlys Spa, an antient woman of about 60 years of age, from Criegging in Montgomery foire, came for real lief to this Water. Her diforder was a Lameness, and a debility in all her limbs. By drinking this Water, the was greatly relieved from these complaints; and as this happened to be the only remedy, of the many the had made use of, that did her any fervice, the came constantly every fix months, to drink these Waters, for three weeks each time. By this means the kept the distempers under, in so much, that she enjoyed a comfortable state of health; and in this manner, the used these Waters for warm for that perpole. I anaray vi mraw is fill slive, has continued well, and three

8. A Young Woman, at the age of 15 years, lost the use of her limbs, by a violent cold, so that she could not walk in any manner without help, nor move from one place to another, her imbecility was so great. She was compleatly cured by bathing for some time, without drinking, in the faline, Mineral-waters, at the Hanlys-Spa, made warm for that purpose; and ever since remains

mains well from this disorder, which is now

- 9. Two or three years after the last mentioned patient, a girl of about thirteen years of age, was brought to the Hanlys-Spa, who also by catching cold, had contracted a swelling, and a total loss of the use of both her seet. Large blue spots appeared in the skin, with very great pains; but, no discharging eruption, or ulcers. She was compleatly cured, by drinking, and bathing in the saline, Mineral-water.
- in the same condition, as that related in Case 9, and the disorder contracted in the same manner, by catching cold; was also perfectly cured by drinking, and bathing in the saline, Mineral-waters, at the Hanlys-Spa; and has ever since remained free from this complaint; it is now 8 years since this cure was performed.
- II. Soon after the discovery of Hanlys-Spa, saline Water, a Miller from a neighbouring county, came there for relief; he

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was not much paft 30 years of age. His diforder appeared to be a general wafte thro' all his body, and was univerfally looked upon, as in a complear confumption; but to the great furprize of all his acquaintance, he perfectly recovered, by drinking this water; and for about thirteen or fourteen years fuecellively, he came every fummer, to the Hanlys-Spa, to drink the water, by way of preservative. N. B. For certain reasons. I cannot relate all the circumstances I learnt. concerning this man's diforder, but I am very well fatisfied, that it was a species of the Tabes Dorfalis, and brought on, by those means, with which this distemper geherally is contracted.

flire, at the age of 26 years, had brought on, by immoderate drinking, a decay throught all his body; with most inveterate scorbutic eruptions, all over his skin: of which he was cured, by drinking and bathing in the faline Water, at Hanlys-Spa.

was in the fame condition, and contracted

his disorder in the like manner, as the young man, related in Case 12. He was also happily cured, by drinking and bathing in this our saline, Mineral-water.

14. A Shoemaker, of a firong constitution, after a severe sever, neglected the necessary evacuations, which brought on a swelling in one of his thighs; this he also neglected till it determined in ulcers, and then the artistical Materia Medica was for a considerable time unsuccessfully used; in this condition, he came for relief to the Hanlys-Spa, where he was compleatly cured, by drinking, and also by washing his wounds with the saline Purging-water.

years of age, was afflicted with a diforder, that had all the appearance of a flow, nervous fever, with very great pains in the stomach, for which he used many remedies, but all proving unsuccessful; at last found relief by the saline, Mineral-waters at Hanks-Spa, which he drank for some time, whereupon he discharged a great quantity of small worms; he continued the use of this Wa-

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ter for a confiderable time, so that he might be sure that all the worms, the cause of his disorder, were discharged.

16. An aged man, near 70 years of age, had for several years been afflicted with a violent humour in both his legs, which broke out in boils from the knee to his feet, and was so hot, that it disturbed his rest; on repeated purges he would be something easier, but could never be cured till he took the saline Mineral-waters at Hanlys-Spa; he drank and bathed the affected parts with them every morning, by which means the humour abated gradually, till it was quite dried up; and no manner of inconvenience enfued from it, but he continued well for at least 10 years after; and then died of another disorder. vents of and, why while it was

17. A SUBSTANTIAL tradesman of this town, of a sedentary life, who indulged his appetite much, was greatly afflicted with a very troublesome Asthma, for which he consulted several eminent Gentlemen of the Faculty, but all failed in the wished-for success; whereupon he went to the saline Waters

that had all the appearance

Waters at the Hanlys-Spa, and from the use of this water, he became free from his complaint. But, as he did not remove the cause, but continued his former way of life, it is natural to expect that the disorder would return; which however he did keep under for feveral years, though he indulged his appetite, the original cause of his sufferings.

18. NEAR the same time, which may be about 14 years fince, when the patient, mentioned in Case 17, made first use of this faline Water, a stranger daily appeared for a confiderable time, at this medical fpring: he drank very regularly of this water, was polite in his conversation, of a good prefence, and in no shape appeared of a mean condition. But he was an entire stranger to all that faw him in this town. A short time before he went from hence, he declared to several creditable gentlemen, the benefit he had received from the great efficacy of the Hanlys-Spa Saline Purging-water; by affuring them, that he was cured of a most inveterate Leprofy, by drinking, and washing his body twice a day with this Water.

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ther is affected the Lone of esselut his fin-II. CASES II. CASES of CURES, of which the Truth is confirmed to me, by the Perfons, on whom they were performed.

Water in the Hanfu Spa, and from the ufe

19. Mr. Thomas Williams, who keeps at present the fign of the Bunch of Grapes, on Bicton Common, was bound apprentice to a blacksmith, at about 15 years of age. In this employ, by working harder than his Arength could bear, the contracted a violent inflammation in his blood; which, by neglect, became to acrimonious, that he broke out in large tilcers all over his body; his arms and legs in particular were worse than any other parts, to that degree, that the bones exfoliated, and iplinters were frequently discharged. By this time, he was at the age of 16, and had been for a confiderable time in the Infirmary of this town, where he was attended with very good care, and nothing of what comes within the circle of an hospital, was neglected for his recovery. But all without any falutary effects; on the contrary, the flarp, corroding matter that floated about him, increased to that degree, that it affected the bone of one of his fin-

gers; in so much, that an amputation became necessary, and was wasted so much, that he could not move out, or in the bed, without help. All this was attended with a dry, hufky, confumptive cough, and a flow, hectic fover. In this condition he left the Infirmary, as an incurable patient; and by the helps of his friends, he was removed to the Hanlys-Spa-Water; where he drank every day such a quantity of the faline, purging Water, that it purged him much, being at this time, not under the direction of any Gentlemen of the Faculty, the dole of the Water was afcertained by the operation; yet he gained, with these continual evacuations, firength daily, and in three months time was perfectly recovered from all his complaints, and ever fince has continued well, which is now 16 years, and upward; about 12 years of which time he lived as a fervant, in a noble family in London. holds ad ab hos

LT deserves to be noticed here, that when he deank this Water, he was advised to swallow every morning, before drinking, young frogs alive; and tho' he did drink H 4

large quantities, yet the frogs digested well with the water; a circumstance I never heard of before, but very much deserves our particular consideration; because it is a most excellent hint, and points out a method to make almost any Mineral-water much more serviceable, than they are at present, to hectic constitutions.

20. An able, and substantial tradesman, at this time, about 47 years of age, of a good make, and a healthy constitution, at the age of 33, contracted in his business a most severe cold, which determined in a general waste, attended with a most violent cough, no proper expectoration, but difcharged a thin, acrimonious matter. This disorder continued for about three years, by which time he was reduced, to an extreme weakness, to that degree, that he had but little encouragement, from the Faculty, for a recovery; and as he found this to be the case, he had no great inclination of meddling with the Materia Medica, and therefore, took but a small quantity of Shop-Medicines; but went as early as February to drink the Saline, Purging-Waters, at the

the Hanlys-Spa. In fo doing, he was neither advised, directed, or guided by any Gentleman of the Faculty; and I must confess, that had he been under my care, I should not at that time of the year have recommended him to drink this Water at the Fountain-head; but, however, he did so in a plentiful manner. The first day it worked him by vomit, stool, and urine; these joint evacuations continued for a few days, then it operated only in a purgative manner. He continued drinking, and in about fix weeks time, an eruption broke out all over his body; then he caused some of this Water to be made milk-warm; wherewith he washed himself all over twice a day, not omitting to drink his usual dose constantly; in this manner, he continued, till the eruption was gone, at which time, his former ftrength and health were compleatly reftored, and how , place if and the monadone O and

HE has never fince been troubled with his former disorder, nor has the least appearance of any eruption. He commonly drinks this Water once a year by way of preservative, and begins as early as Febru-Paraing

a Medice was not found. Date as In-

ery. From hence we learn, that this Water is efficacious in all featons, when nocellity requires it.

confels, that had he been under my care.

er. About eight years fince, another of the same occupation, and much of the fame constitution and temperature, as the foregoing, in Case 20, contracted in the same manner, a scorbutic inflammation in his blood, to a very high degree, which produced no eruption, but the skin all over his body appeared very hot and inflamed, attended with a mast violent itching, so that he was obliged to rub himfelf conftantly. In the evenings he was always worfe. In any warm place, or in hed, he was still more afflicted. This diforder continued upon him for more than damonths. In all this time his stomach was not in any degree difordered; he had the advice of feveral Gentlemen of the Faculty, and the Materia Medica was not spared. But, as he could find no relief by these means; his complaint became very troublefome, and tho in the beginning of January, yet neventheless he had recourse to the Hanlys-Spa; and by drinking for a short time, the faline. PurgingPurging-water of that place, at the Fountain-head, he was perfectly cured; and has remained well ever fince. N. B. This is a fecond inflance, which proves this Water beneficial in all featons of the year.

III. Some Account of Cures, performed under my own Inspection.

22. A MILLER's wife, from a peighbouring, Welch county, came to me early in the Spring, last year, for advice, She was about 52 years of age, of a good, Arong confitution; her diet confifted chiefby of milk, ont-bread, and fuch other common providens, as the country produced. She had loft the Catamena to early, as at the age of 47, at which time the had neglected, and not taken that care of herfelf, as the ought to have done. She was naturally of a coffive habit of body; and the confequence of her neglect was violent headachs, inflammations in the eyes, fivellings in the Istomach, and a violent resuption all over her. I recommended to her the drinkingrevery morning, three half piats, of our faline, and one thalf pint, of the Chalybeate-water; and as the slodged mear the Spa, to take at night, before the went to bed, one half pint of the Saline-water, at the Spring-head. But, as the three half pints the took in the morning did not fufficiently operate, I advised her to drink four half pints, of the Saline-water, and this quantity had the defired effect. By which means the recovered very much in a fortnight's time; but could not ftay any longer, or else a compleat cure might have been expected:

23. A STRONG, hail young man, of a robust constitution, servant to a farmer, about 22 years of age, had a few years fince the fmall pox, in a most severe manner: after which, the usual and necessary evacuation's were neglected; the consequence was very bad ulcerated legs; for which he did last fummer drink the faline Waters at the Hanhys-Spa. I recommended him to bathe his feet some time in the same water, making it warm for this purpose. He did both, as often as his occupation would permit it; and tho' he used this Water, in an irregular manner, yet he has obtained fuch great benefit, that a complete cure cannot be

be doubted, if he the ensuing spring drinks this water with any degree of regularity.

24. ONE Mr. T. I. A young man of about 26 years of age, was afflicted in his ' right arm, from the wrift to the elbow, with a white swelling, attended with most exquisite pains, and a total loss of the use of his hand. As his business confisted in writing, he was not able to follow it; he used various means for his recovery, and remedies, both in- and external, were not spared. The affected parts were blistered. cupped, fomented, poulticed, &c. in short. there was nothing omitted, that could be thought of, for his relief, all to no purpose. But, on the contrary, the disorder daily increased. In this fituation he came to me, in the beginning of last summer, for advice. I prescribed, at first, several forts of deobstruents, purifiers of the blood, and embrocations. All this did not relieve. nor prove of the least service to him. He continued in the fame manner, as he was, when he came first to me; however, the disorder did not increase any farther, yet, nevertheless, his condition was truly miserable,

ble, because his pain was such, that he could have no test, either night or day. Whereupon I prescribed him a Pill of a mineral preparation, with camphite, and a small quantity of Crude Opium, to be taken over night, and to be purged off in the morning, with our Saline, Mineral-water, at the Hanlys-Spais, by which means he was compleatly cured, in about six weeks time.

and while the fire for his rect

25. Mr. I. M. M. of a fanguine, choleric temperature, robust, and of a good make of body, but all his life-time inclined to lax, or weak fibres; in the first 36 years of his age was rather thin, and when he fed, or the flesh on his body did in the least increase, he was attacked with a nervous fever, which seldom lasted longer than 10 or 12 days. The certain consequence of them was, that these severs at all times reduced his slesh, and made him thin again. These severs were very frequent, and he never was 18 months without one of them.

HE was always very active, and used to much exercise in the open air; but about

36 years ago, his usual exercise being changed from the open air, to his bufines within doors, such as brewing, &c. he had not so often these nervous fevers, and, in about ten years time, they left him intirely. But a more complete nervous diforder fucceeded them; this diforder, from the defcription he gives of it to me, I apprehend was a bastard Palfy, of the convulsive kind. intermixed with a partial Chora. St. Vitus. For these complicated disorders, he took various kinds of medicines, for about fix months, with no manner of fuccess; and by changing for about 14 or 15 days, his ufual way of living, by eating and drinking more than his constitution could digest, he was confined to his bed, and attended by an eminent Physician, for at least 10 weeks. He recovered gradually, but the remains of this diftemper remained upon him till within these two years, and frequently would make their appearance, with great lowners of fpirits and irreliftible mulcular motions.

N. B. It is necessary to observe, that' about 20 years since he increased in bulk, and became fat; and these nervous disorders

Water

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were very regular in their periods, both Spring and Autumn.

ABOUT two years and three months ago, he was seized with a cholic and purging, which determined in a relaxation of all the solids, in such a manner, that he was not able to use his limbs. In this situation he continued for a long time. Many and various were the means he used for his recovery, but all proved unsuccessful, till he made use of the Hanlys-Spa saline, Mineral-water; by which means he is recovered so much, that he can walk and ride.

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more than his confidences could dig if, he

Directions for Ufing the Mineral-waters of the HANLYS-SPA.

I T has been remarked by several, that the directions in one of my former Works *, for using Mineral-water, are extremely minute, and that, tho' they are applied to one

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A Treatife on the Three Medicinal Mineral Waters at Llandrinded.

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water only, yet it has been thought by fome, that they might ferve, as fufficient instructions, to the Valetudinarians, in all Mineral-waters, in general. It is also true, that I had a very good opinion of my own performance, and was so pleased therewith, as to consider it so perfect, that very little could be added, by way of improvement. But herein, as in all other things, we experience our own frailty, and that imperfect condition or heterogeneous ingredient, the primary cause of errors and mistakes, which is so minutely interwoven with the human frame. It is now 14 years fince I published that Work, in which these Directions are contained; and as I, in all this time, have had a great variety of Mineral-Water-Practice, I have been experimentally convinced, that a great deal yet is wanting,

NEXT to this, I have perused the works of the most experienced Gentlemen in this branch of Medical Learning, of which the most learned Drs. Seip and Springsfield, are justly esteemed the superiors; and by means of their excellent Treatifes, I am informed of many material things, I never thought of before. · wheels

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before, which I am not ashamed to confest; and also, that I have borrowed of them, to make these Directions come as near perfection as human Nature will permit.

Some of them may at first fight be deemed trivial, but, here I can assure my readers, that none are advanced, without practical confirmations; and I am very sure that such as observe them, will easily perceive the benefit. And I am fully assured, that the same scrupulous caution and carefulness have been attended to, by the Gentlemen I collect from. I do not repeat here my former Directions, but I relate new ones, which may be considered, as a continuation of the first.

DIRECTIONS.

1. The common custom that has so long prevailed, viz. to begin all forts of Mineral-waters with previous Purging, is by experience superseded; because it has been found, that if saline, Purging-waters, in chronical diseases, have been used for eight, or more days, as an alterative, the Thernæ, chaly-

chalybeate, and other waters, that are without purging qualities, have more effectually succeeded, than when the patient was prepared, by purging. And that, for plain obvious reasons, because an alterative use of these Waters will by degrees foften, and difolve the flimy, morbific matter, in the most distant part of the body; which the water cannot reach, if at the beginning uled in a purgative manner.

- 2. ALTHOUGH the Hanlys-Spa-Water, by an irregular use of immoderate drinking, and violent purging, has performed many amazing cures, yet, nevertheless, it is much more advisable, to all, without diftinction, that come for relief, to these Waters, to use them at first for seven or eight days, as an alterative.
- 3. IT is universally agreed by the Faculty, and confirmed by experience, that purging remedies are required with the use of such Mineral-waters, as naturally have no cathartic quality; in these cases drugs are not the proper things, because, from their resinous nature, they cannot eafily mix, and

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unite in the human body, with Mineralwaters, which causes them to stick, and adhere to the intestines; the consequences of which are obstructions, inflammations, cholics, with other diforders; and therefore by no means fafe for this purpose. Experience, the guide and touch-stone of all things, has instructed us, that the saline. Mineral-waters are the most natural evacuaters in these cases. Wherefore then, as the Purging-waters of the Hanlys-Spa will bear carriage, it is advisable for such as will make use of the Bath-waters, and cannot conveniently prepare themselves, at the Hanlys-Spa, to send for this Water to Bath, and use it with the Batb-water, which may be done with great conveniency, as it can be fent weekly, by water-carriage upon the river Severn.

4. The European Physicians, that practifed in the most early times at Mineral-water-fountains, have introduced too many, and too great quantities of artificial medicines into practice, to be used with the Mineral-waters: and as they in this respect have greatly over-shot the mark; so, on the the other hand, several moderns have fallen into the other extreme, and have as unjustly exploded all kinds of remedies from a joint use of Mineral-waters, as the others crowded, and perplexed it. However, experience, in this, as well as in all other things, has fet us right, and instructed what remedies are most beneficial with these Waters; and also the manner of preparing them properly, that they may mix and unite with them. There are several disorders, which require artificial medicines, with the use of these Waters; for instance. in asthmatic complaints, proper balfams disolved with honey, united with stomachbitters, and joined with the use of Mineral-waters, have been of infinite fervice. N. B. All balfams disolved with honey are very agreeable to, and mix with all kinds of Mineral-waters, We have no cause to monder of their es-

5. The same practice is necessary in the remains of the Venereal Disease, Gonor-rhoea-Simplex, Fluor Albus, and seminal Weakness; very good effects have been experienced in these disorders, when balsamics, and other proper drugs have been pre-

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pared with honey, and joined with the use of Mineral-waters.

6. DIURETIC Tinctures, mixed with Mineral-waters, have been found of the utmost good consequences, in the beginning of Dropsies, and dropsical swellings. Digestives, and Mineral-waters, have cured Agues, where the Bark had failed; and Antispasmodic Medicines, when joined with Mineral-waters, have had in convultive disorders the desired effect, althor they had been used for a considerable time without any manner of success.

mark of a long standing, that artificial medicines, when in all respects inessectual by themselves, have operated most powerfully, when joined with Mineral-waters. We have no cause to wonder at these effects, when we consider, that an universal, and general cleansing is promoted, thro' all the body by these Waters; and by removing the smallest obstructions, in the most minute circulatory vessels, these remedies are enabled to act for salutary purposes.

parag

The only thing that we have to do, is, to cause them to be prepared in such a manner, that they may properly mix and unite with the Mineral-waters, and not feel parate from it in the bowels of the Patient mode suspond on tonnes and it have the

-leroni A tomoraba to event the booth in

8. BITTERS, and stomach Drops, are highly necessary to be taken by all Waterdrinkers, a short time before dinner, not with an intent to create an appetite, because that is sufficiently promoted by the Waters, but to move the digestive juices to the flomach; which may fometimes have been washed away, or rendered inactive and also to renew that natural warmth of the parts, near and about the stomach which we must expect to be somewhat chilled by the use of the water. Dr. Rod. der, in his Treatise on the Mineral-water of Driburg, has given several compositions for Stomach-drops, to be taken by Mineral-water-drinkers, adapted to different complaints; which I shall subjoin to the end of this Chapter. And of the Adoption

mayised stainaitaca.

^{9.} To sweat, after the water has operated, moli

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drinks the water he must be cool, and no manner of sweat upon him; and if a sweat should ensue, at the time of drinking, proper means must be made use of to prevent it; and if that cannot be brought about, he must entirely leave off drinking Mineral-waters. Because, from this sweat it is plain, that no evacuation from the water is to be expected by stool and urine; and therefore the consequences would be dangerous, if the drinking was continued.

not immediately, on rising from bed, expose themselves to the open air; but walk, and move in their bed-chamber, till all the sweat is gone off, before they proceed to the Mineral-water-fountains for drinking.

Waters, but to move the digeflive juices to

very prejudicial to all, but in particular, more so, to Mineral-water-drinkers, because they ought to use exercise, in the afternoon, and to be very quiet, or rather motionless between breakfast and dinner:

But if they can accustom themselves to sleep

fleep a few hours, at this interval of time. they will find very great benefit in fo doing. And if they are reftless at night, a mild Paregorick draught must be taken, when ed from the Fountain-head to.bed of gniog bed-chamber i and when thrength and re-

of 12. WITH the use of all kinds of Mineral-waters, be it at the Fountain-head. or fuch as will bear carriage to the patient's residence, excercise is required; and should on no account whatever be drank within doors, in a fedentary manner and noth stip

ingly, to fuch a degree, that no inconveni 13. MINERAL-WATER-FOUNTAINS are fituated between Mountains and Eminences. and therefore these places are liable to frequent and fudden changes of the weather; wherefore then, the comers to these places ought at all times to be provided with a double fet of cloaths, and to vary them according to the atmosphere; because, to be cold or chilly, for want of cloaths, or to he hot and sweaty, by too many, are prejudicial extremes, which retard the good effects, that are expected from Medicinal, Mineral-waters; nigo fovioses a si vi di

Alineral.

farmedly recommended is myfelf, to drink 14. SUCH

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der constitution, may at first drink the Mineral-waters; but, in this case, the water must with the utmost expedition be conveyed from the Fountain-head to the Patient's bed-chamber; and when strength and recovery increases, then it is advisable to drink them at the Spring. In these circumstances, at the beginning, additional warm doublings are necessary; but as soon as they can walk, and use other proper exercise, then they ought to be dressed accordingly, to such a degree, that no inconveniency may ensue on either side.

15. Riding on horseback, as I have observed elsewhere, is the very best exercise
that can be contrived, or thought of, for
Valetudinarians, that have recourse to these
natural remedies; for which reason, it is advisable, to use it as soon as possible; beginning either with walking, or in a wheelcarriage, according as the constitution will
bear it.

16. It is a received opinion, and I have formerly recommended it myself, to drink

Mineral-

Mineral-water at meals, instead of small beer; but am now from practice convinced, that this is a very wrong proceeding. Because Mineral-waters have elastic spirits, with which they not only disturb the food they are mixed with, but also by expanding the digestive powers, cause belchings; and therefore it is better to take the afternoon and evening draughts some hours after dinner and supper, when the concoction in the stormach is over.

17. At the time when the Catamenia, or any other kind of Hæmorrhage, in either fex appears, Mineral-water must be omitted, but, may be re-assumed, as soon as they are over. Mineral-waters will promote these discharges, and therefore, such as have them too much, or immoderately, should never meddle with these natural medicines; because, that long prevailing notion, viz. that Mineral-waters would lessen immoderate Fluxes of this kind, has been found to be a very great mistake.

18. Brefping women hould by no means make use of any Mineral-water, during their pregnancy.

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pregnancy. Dr. Seip says, that he knows a few instances, where Ladies of very tender constitutions, in the two first months, have used the Pyrmont-water, without a miscarriage, and at a proper time, brought healthy children into the world. But then, there were so many disagreeable circumstances attended it, that there is no manner of encouragement left, to recommend any kind of Mineral-water to pregnant Ladies.

- 19. Such women as give fuck to children, may freely make use of most kinds of Mineral-waters. But the children ought to be at least half a year old, and also used to eating, as well as fucking. Dr. Seip has observed, which I also know from my own experience, that children have been cured of several diseases, by the Wet-nurse's drinking Mineral-water. good tadt 'slueged
- 20. WHEN a Wet-nurse uses these natural medicines, she must suckle the child in the morning plentifully, before the begins to drink, and not to put it to the breast again, till the operation of the water is over; and if the water she makes use of, has not pregnancy.

a natural purging quality, the must take fuch things, as will cause every morning an evacuation by stool; and if that is omitted, the child will purge most violently. All Mineral-waters cause an increase of good strengthening milk, and therefore they are recommended to all Wet-nurses in general.

- 21. MANY and various are the causes, from whence Epilepsies proceed, insomuch, that they cannot be all recited here. If they proceed from humours, thrown upon the lungs, from a bad-cured Itch, or Fever, or an irregularly treated Hæmorrhoids, &c. in all these Cases, our Saline, Mineral. and Chalybeate-waters joined together, are the best remedies against this melancholy difeafe. Si ragge mente that sandard and we
- awill becomes to four faw, which, wherever 22. In fuch persons as are called Noctambuli, that is, Sleep-walkers, or troubled with the Night-mare; which disorders proceed from a thick, fizy blood, indigefted humours, and obstructions in the primary passages; our Hanlys-Spa Mineral-waters are in a manner specific remedies. In these cases it is proper to take in the morning, at

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of the Chalybeate water, and at night, going to bed, about three half pints of the faline, Purging-water, provided the conflictation be strong enough, without its operating in the night: if that should be the effect, less must be given.

23. From what has been proved, by the cases in the 17th Chapter, it is manifest, that the Hanlys-Spa-Waters may be used at any time of the year; nevertheless, they are in much greater persection, and more agreeable to the human constitution, from Spring to Autumn.

24. It is a very rare case, that Mineral-water-drinkers lose their appetite; yet it will happen to some few, which, whenever it happens, is always owing to some particular accidental cause. And whenever that is the event, the water must be left off, and the cause, from which the complaint proceeds, removed in a proper manner.

and Challebeare-waters indeed tree

25. Costiveness very seldom happens to the Saline, Mineral-water-drinkers; but

yet it is so, in some few cases where the water will vomit, and operate neither by stool, or urine. To rectify this inconvenience, the saline Purging-water made warm, Tinctura Thebaic being mixed with it, and in a plentiful manner, used as a glister, is the safest, and surest remedy.

from tiding too much free; as from any

26. THERE has at all times been a general prohibition of eating fruit, to the Mineral-water-drinkers; but this, like many other hypotheses, has been insisted on informer times, without any rational foundation. Reasonable considerations have in the Mineral-water doctrine been entirely out of the question; because, if the effects of these waters had been properly attended to it would have been known, that they will absorb all kinds of sourness they meet with in the stomach. There may be too much acid, and too frequently there is more sharpness in this alimentary receptacle, than it can digest; yet, it cannot entirely do without it; and as Mineral-water-drinkers too often want this ingredient, how can it then be better replaced, but by that pleafant and agreeable acid, we meet with in strawberries, and all other ripe fruits? Dr. Springfafield very justly observes, that a salad, made with much lemon-juice, and very little oil, sets, without trouble, an alkalized stomach right. But here, as in all other things, we are obliged to recommend moderation; because, ill consequences may ensue, as well from taking too much fruit, as from any other thing.

27. To smoak tobacco in the morning, between the potations of the Mineral-water, has been very fashionable; and here I must confess, before I considered it properly, have done it myself, and recommended it to others. But, as the intent and purpose of all Mineral-waters are to work downwards, as soon as possible, tobacco in any shape, either in smoaking, or taken as snuff, cannot be proper for Mineral-water-drinkers; because the effects are opposite to each other.

28. For a phlegmatic stomach, inclining to vomit, Dr. Rodder recommends the following mixture, at the time, when such Patients drink the Mineral-waters.

surfectivie sold wave mean which an drawber-

state will observe the visites mile of a girlent

B. Effen. Galang 3/s. Efs. Redoar Efs. Card. Ben. Efs. Pimpin. alb. Efs. Gent. rubr. Tinet. Antimon. acr. aa 39 ol. diftil. Macis. gut xij M. Of which, 70 or 80 drops are to be taken one hour before dinner, in wine.

30. To fuch as are often afflicted with cholic pains, and troubled with flatulences, 70 or 80 drops of the following mixture, are recommended to be taken before dinner, in wine, or broth.

B. Essen. Cormin. Wedel Ess. Carmin. Albert. Efs. Cort. Aurant. recentium. Lig. Anod. min. Hofm. aa 3/s. Tinet. Antimon. tartarif. 3ij ol. distill. Carv. ol. diftill. Cum. aa gt. viij. fint. m.

31. To afthmatical Mineral-waterdrinkers, 60 or 70 drops of the next mixture is advised to be taken in wine, or broth, a short time before dinner.

R. Effen. Enul. Efs. L. Saffafr. Efs. Succ. Ess. Gum Ammon. Ess. Myrrb Ess. Mastich, Efs. Cort. Chaccaril. Lig. Anod. min. aa 3ij ol. distill. foen. gut. xij M.

32. In obstructions of the Catemenia, or any hæmorrhoids, 60 or 70 drops of the money K ... Land by fuc130 DIRECTIONS for using the fucceeding mixture, to be taken in any pleasing liquid, before dinner.

Es. Succin. 3vj Es. Myrrb Es. Sabin.

Es. Aristol. rot. aa 3s. Tinet. Mart.

Aperitio. Elixir propr. fine avido aa 3ij
fiat. M.

gg. To hypochondriacs, and fuch as are croubled with obstructions in the liver, jaundice, &cc. 80 drops of the next mixture are recommended to be taken before dinner.

B. Tinet. Solar. Mart. Ludow. 3fs. Efs.
Aron. Efs. Pimp. Efs. Vincetox. Efs.
Gulang. aa 3ij ol. Cinam. gt. viij. F.
M.

194. In a bad state of blood, where the legs swell, and a dropsy appears to be near, or where there is a lethargic disposition, the underneath mixture is to be taken, 70 or 80 drops before each meal.

B. Essen. Vincetox Ess. Parreir. brav. Ess.
Alkekeng. Ess. Millep. Ess. Aron. Ess.
Gent. r. Essen. Absynth. Tinct. Antimon.
acr. aa 3ij ol. Junip. gt. xv. M.

35. For such as are troubled with a vertigo, or a swimming in the head, 60 or 70 drops of the following mixture is recommended to be taken before dinner.

Be Esfen.

B. Effen. Cubebar. 35. Efs. Card. ben. Efs.
Pimp. a. Effent. Ambr. Liq. Anod. Min.
Hofm. aa 36 vl. Caryoph. arom. gut.
with M.

go. In the scarvy, and all cutaneous eruptions, 60 or 70 drops of the next mixture are advised to be taken before each meal.

J. Essen. Cochlear, Ess. Fundr. Ess. Trifol. aquat. Ess. Baul. Ess. Succin. Ess. L. Sussafr. Tinot. Antimon. acr., au 35 M.

THOSE that are afflicted with the Fluor Albus, Generate Simplex, or any other remains of the Venereal Difease, are recommended to take 60 or 70 drops of the following mixture, before each meal.

B. Esen. Lign. Sancti 3fs. Ess. Sassafr.

Ess. Enul. Ess. Pimp. a. Ess. Succin.

Tinet. Antimon. acr. Balfam. de Copaib.

aa 3ij. M.

38. Essences have, in a manner, been totally exploded, and banished out of the Medical Practice in England, and the reason for so doing, is most certainly very just; because they were by the makers and venders cried up, and virtues attributed to them, which were in their nature impossible. It will therefore be wondered at, that I re-

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commend here a long register of them, for the use of the Mineral-water-drinkers. To which I beg leave to answer, 1. On a due consideration, it will appear, that Efsences are the best adapted preparation amongst the Materia Medica, that will mix and agree with Mineral-waters. 2. This agreement of the Effences, with these natumedicines, is confirmed by experimental facts. 3. From Essences by themselves, I never found any good effects; but when joined with Mineral-waters, I have observed very great benefits from their aid and affiftance; and for these reasons I recommend them, and no farther; I conclude this Subject, by observing, that Essences ought to be carefully prepared, and given in larger quantities, than Dr. Rodder has prescribed them.

totally exploded, and, brailed out, of the

ERRATA.

Page 77, Line 20, for Morbibic read Morbific.—P. 81, 1, 1, for Mineral Water r. Difeafes.—P. 82, 1. 1, for the Virtues r. the Transmutation.—P. 83, 1. 1, for Mineral Water r. Difeafes.—P. 84, 1. 1, for the Virtues r. the Transmutation.—P. 85, 1. 1, for Mineral Water r. Difeafes.—P. 86, 1. 1, for the Virtues r. the Transmutation.—P. 87, 1. x, for Mineral Water r. Difeafes.—P. 114, 1. 25, for Therme r. Therme.—P. 122, 1. 4, after Mineral Water, add within Doors.—P. 126, 1. 10, for 17th r. 6th.

commend

